FAYETTEVILLE OBSERVER.

OLD SERIES—VOL. LII—NO. 2,683.] FAYETTEVILLE, N. C., THURSDAY JULY 7, 1887. [NEW SERIES—VOL. IV—NO. 227.

LINES TO A SKELETON.

Behold this ruin! 'twas a skull
Once of ethereal spirit full;
This narrow cell was life's retreat,
This space was thought's mysterious seat!
What beauteous vision filled this spot,
What dreams of pleasure long forgot!
Nor hope, nor joy, nor love, nor fear,
Has left one trace or record here.

Beneath this mouldering canopy
Once shown the bright and busy eye:
But start not at the dismal void!
If social love that eye employed,
If with no lawless fire it gleamed,
But through the dew of kindness beamed,
That eye shall be forever bright
When sun and stars are sunk in night.

Within this shallow cavern hung
The ready, swift and tuneful tongue:
If falsehood's honey it disdained,
And where it could not praise was chained,
If bold in virtue's cause it spoke,
Yet gentle concord never broke;
This silent tongue shall plead for thee
When time unveils eternity.

Say, did these fingers delve the mine,
Or with the envied rubies shine?
To hew the rock or wear the gem,
Can little now avail to them;
But if the page of truth they sought,
Or comfort to the mourners brought;
These hands a richer meed shall claim
Than all that wait on wealth or fame.

Avails it whether bare or shod
These feet the paths of duty trod,
If from the halls of ease they fled
To seek affliction's humble shed;
If grandeur's guilty bribe they spurned
And home to virtue's cot returned,
These feet with angel's wings shall vie,
And tread the portals of the sky.

—*Anon.*

THE CHINCH BUG.

(*Blissus leucopterus.*)

[For the Observer.]

The chinch bugs, which have done considerable damage to wheat in various parts of the State, are rapidly increasing and attacking corn, with the promise of extensive damage unless something is done to destroy them. There is a remedy for them on corn, which combines great cheapness with ease of application. It is one which, according to my directions, was recently published in a supplement to the *Bulletin*, issued by the Department of Agriculture at Raleigh.

It is this: Dissolve one-half pound common soap in one gallon of water. Boil this and add it, boiling hot, to two gallons of kerosene oil. Churn this mixture with a force pump and spray nozzle for 10 minutes, until a perfect emulsion is formed and the liquid adheres to the surface of glass without oiliness. Dilute this by adding to one part of the emulsion 7 or 8 parts of cold water. It is then ready for application.

A very good way to apply it is to use a force pump, and nozzle which throws a very narrow spray, attached to some sort of a tank. Direct the stream against the stalk of corn, beginning as high upon the stalk as the bugs are at work. Many times the bugs are hidden between the sheath of the blade and the stalk. The liquid runs in and kills them instantly. A little experience will teach one how little is necessary to kill the insect and not injure the corn. If a perfect emulsion is made and care exercised in applying it, no fear may be entertained of damaging the corn.

I made a very successful application Saturday, the 25th of June, to Mr. William F. Stroud's corn at Chapel Hill. Major R. S. Tucker, of Raleigh, writes me that he used the kerosene emulsion and saved his forty acres of corn when every other means failed. To churn up the mixture and form an emulsion, he used a bunch of strong twigs, with which the mixture was "whipped up for 10 or 15 minutes." He then had the liquid applied with a common watering pot. This is a good substitute for the force pump when that cannot be obtained. Mr. Tucker says: "'Tis, indeed, a *great, sudden and sure remedy.*"

To all who try this remedy I will be obliged if they will report manner of application and results to me.

The chinch bug is a little over one-eighth of an inch long, black, with white wings. It hibernates in and under old rubbish, &c., in the fields, and under leaves in the edge of the forest next infested fields. In the spring it crawls beneath the ground and lays its eggs on the roots of the wheat. The young vary in color from pale yellow to reddish, and brown when nearly full grown. The insect belongs to the order *Hemiptua*, division *Heteroptua*. This is made up of the true bugs. They possess long, slender, sharp beaks, with which they pierce the plants and suck out the juices. Consequently, arsenical poisons sprayed on the surface of the plants will not affect them. The remedy is of such a nature that it will kill them by coming in contact with their bodies.

Precautions should be taken against their appearance another year. All rubbish, stubble, &c., in infested fields should be burned during the fall, and the leaves in forests along the edge of infested fields. Crops should be rolled in the spring, to pack the ground. It is said this tends to prevent the adult from entering the ground to deposit the eggs.

There are some very important questions regarding this insect which I have stated in the *Bulletin* for June. No one can form any estimate of the value accruing from careful observation of farmers and others, and answers to these questions. I would esteem it a great favor if many would see the *Bulletin* and reply to the questions. With such cooperation from the people we can obtain facts from our own State of more value to us than more distant ones.

GEO. F. ATKINSON.
University of North Carolina,
Chapel Hill, N. C.

Officially Furious.

[New York Star.]

Amid the ruck of the plungers and snorters, set going by the excitement over the rebel flags, we discern the unimportant but vivacious figure of Mr. Canaday, Sergeant at Arms of the Senate. Mr. Canaday, who refers sorrowfully to his having been an arms-bearing rebel during the Confederate era, and who is doubtless consumed with wonder at himself in not having then imagined the sweets of federal place—Mr. Canaday, we say, is filled with special indignation, and cavorts with pre-eminent zeal. No frenzied mustang, wrought to unaccustomed fire by a cockle-burr held fast beneath his flattened tail, ever joined with greater ardor in a flight of thoroughbred coursers, and thought himself the noblest racer of them all. We can understand why gentlemen with political aspirations to promote, and so dull as to believe that the old war cry of 1861 will promote them, should raise this dust and clamor. But Mr. Canaday is not likely to help himself or to cast fresh anchors to the windward of his office by aping this sordid masquerade. Mr. Canaday should fetter his official fury. He is simply making a sorry spectacle of himself and imperiling that salary which is clearly his only care.

AND THESE ARE BOSTON GIRLS.

What the Young Buds in the Hub Wear While Bathing.

[Boston Herald.]

I came upon a party of girls engaged in a mysterious operation. One had her dress sleeves cut off, and another was applying pieces of wet cloth to her arms.

"What's the matter with Maria? Rheumatism in her back?" I asked.

"Mercy, no; we are trying samples for our suits," remarked one of them.

I was mystified. Girl No. 3 was slopping a piece of white wool material up and down in a washbowl. She squeezed it out, and removing the other wet rag spread this fresh piece over Maria's arm. Maria shuddered. The girls all stood around. No. 2 exclaimed: "That shows through beautifully. You can see Maria's pink complexion just as plain!"

"That's the 75-cent piece, ain't it?" asked Maria.

"Yes dear, and this is the one you can't see through—that 50-cent stuff."

Then it came out. The sweet buds of innocence were deciding about the materials for their bathing suits, and the one that "showed through" was the one selected.

"Why, its lovely," said girl No. 2; "you can see the mole on Maria's arm. Ma wants me to have blue flannel—as if there was any fun in blue flannel! You just see if the men ever pay much attention to blue flannel. I say they don't."

"I've been thinking," mused the quiet miss, who had not spoken before, "how pink nun's veiling made double would look."

"Not nice at all," answered Maria; "cream white is best. Then one's own pink arms show through. I don't know what Annie will do anyway. She's just chocolate color under her sleeves; she'll come out like a mulatto."

The Dead Lake Which Is Interesting the Curious People of South Carolina.

A Columbia special to the Atlanta *Constitution* says: The story of the poisoning of Dawho lake, in Georgetown county, by a hail storm, as telegraphed the *Constitution*, on the 8th inst., and which many persons supposed to be exceedingly "fishy," has been corroborated in every particular by a prominent citizen of Georgetown, who has investigated the matter at the request of General Greely, chief of the weather service. A dense mass of black-gum trees surrounds the lake on all sides. It is well known that the leaves of this tree are strongly impregnated with tannic acid. It has also been ascertained that the bottom of the lake contains a slight deposit of iron. The poisoning of the water, therefore, is thus explained. The hail storm bruised and filled the lake with the leaves and small branches of the trees; the tannic acid emanating from which mingled with the iron and formed tannate of iron, causing the water to turn black as ink and bitter as quinine and poisoning the fishes by thousands. Some of the people living in that neighborhood believe that the condition of the lake is due to a judgment from God.

This lake is in reality a God-send for many a poor family near by. They get fish from it the year around, and if it is not replenished soon it will be a judgment to them sure enough. One species of the fish inhabiting this lake survived the singular disaster, and that was the mud fish, which buried itself in the mud at the bottom, and thus escaped the effect of the poison. The stench arising from the mass of dead and rotten fish is described as fearful. The thousands of buzzards taking their departure in the evening for their roosting places, after a day's feast, are described as making a noise similar to that of an approaching cyclone. On each end of Dawho lake, about half a mile distant is a small lake, in which numbers of fish abound, but which, upon examination, showed no signs of the hail storm which swept over Dawho. This confirms the belief that the direct cause of the disaster to the fish is due to the hail storm.

Silver Coin in the Treasury.

Since the issue of silver certificates commenced a few months since, silver coin has accumulated in the Treasury at such a rate as to by far exceed the storage capacity of the silver vaults, and there is at the present time upwards of $80,000,000 in coin, packed in kegs and boxes, and stored in the corridors in the basement of the building. A guard, armed with Winchester repeating rifles, is maintained night and day in each of the hall-ways leading to the treasure. A large force of workmen are engaged in constructing a vault for the reception of this coin, but although the work is being pushed forward night and day, it will necessarily be several months before the vault will be completed, and in the mean time the guard will be retained in the hallways.

Tar Smoke for Diphtheria.

A New York physician declares that tar smoke is the best thing in the world for diphtheria. It dissolves the fibrous exudations that choke the patient and gives relief almost instantly. The plan has been tried by many doctors in New York and found most efficacious. It consists in closing up a room so that none of the smoke can escape, and then burning a quantity of pitch on a red hot shovel or stove.

An exchange advises young men desiring matrimony to seek such as will prove serviceable. For instance, a good cook, it says, will not be objectionable. Good gracious! Who, in these days, wants to marry his cook?

THE NEW SOUTH.

An Extract from the Address of Senator Vance, Delivered Before the Washington College, Tennessee.

Already there is a contemptible phrase in common use among us—the "New South;" the meaning of which is, that we are ashamed of the old South. It is, when analyzed, a poor subservient apology; a miserable attempt to propitiate the dominant section of the country, by saying the Old South, which devoted itself to political principle, was all wrong; they were culpable, if not criminal in their theories of government. The true business of life, and the real purpose of government is the making of money, by hook or by crook; and *your* course is the only wise one. Pardon us, we will never do so any more; we are now going to follow your example, and try to be, and to do and look just like *you*, as much as possible. Our regime shall be the "New South." You see we are already forsaking the language of our mistaken old fathers and are shouting your slogans as lastily as anybody else. We are yelling for material development, we have rings and pools and syndicates just like you. We cry for "protection to American labor" and are beginning already to taste the joys of taking money by taxation out of the pockets of our neighbors to put into ours! We are ashamed of our past errors—the New South will have no more of them forever!

Disguise it with all the high-sounding phrases you can invent, this is what it all means. A more contemptible spirit is hard to imagine. A man who would apologize to the adversary who had just overpowered him, not because he is convinced he is wrong, but simply because he was whipped, is a poor sort of a dog. The man who is ashamed of the great men and great ideas of the past generation—of the Old South—is none of mine. • • • We can acquire riches without casting dirt upon the memory of our dead or our living, who served us so well. We can acquire riches without surrendering our love of liberty and constitutional government. We can acquire riches, I trust, with a proper sense of their legitimate use and of their subordination to the more noble purposes of society. We can find riches in the demanding of our rights under the constitution, as well as in the surrendering of them; and as we go laboring and toiling for their accumulation, let us go believing earnestly in the political paraphrase of the Divine command, "Seek first, the Republic of Liberty, and all good things shall be added thereto."

A new South! Ah, yes indeed, let us have a new South; but for the sake of humanity, let us not model it after the selfish phariseeism of the New England pattern. To accept the results of the war in good faith and bow to the inevitable with dignity, is right; to do all we can to repair its evils, to rebuild our fortunes, accommodate ourselves to the changed condition of affairs, and to do our part toward restoring harmony between brethren estranged and embittered, is our obvious policy as well as christian duty. If *this* be the meaning of the term New South, then I have no objection to its use. But if, as seems to be the understanding, we be required to forget the political wisdom of our sages; to repudiate our reverence for the Constitution of our country; to forego the traditions of chivalry and honor which we have been taught; to adopt the vitiated, northern morality, which regards the almighty dollar as the chief end of man; suspends at pleasure the ten commandments; treat the institution of marriage as of the same binding force and sacred character as a contract for the sale of personal property, to be set aside when convenient, in other words, if we are to accept their entire civilization, manners and customs and convert ourselves into a community of shop-keepers, hammerers and traders, to "build towns instead of maintaining great theories," to exercise and utilize the moral, the——I want nothing of the New South, and least of all of the Southern man who is in love with it.

North Carolina Schools.

The Raleigh correspondent of the Richmond *Dispatch* has furnished that paper with the following: Some interesting information in regard to the schools was obtained at the office of the Superintendent of Public Instruction. There are eight white normal schools. To each of these the State makes an annual appropriation of $500. They begin in nearly all cases after July 5th. There are five colored normal schools. Four of these recieve $1,500 annually. Their terms do not begin until September, and they are maintained for over half the year. The other colored normal school, which, strictly speaking, is a university, is kept open nine months in the year. All the normal schools receive from $85 to $150 yearly from the Peabody fund.

The public schools are, as a rule, now closed. Many of them will reopen in September. The returns of attendance, etc., are made up to November 30 of each year. Last year about $850,000 was expended upon these schools, and a sum rather in excess of that will this year be expended. The increase in the attendance of these schools is rapid. It is said that a third of all the children of school (six to twenty-one) were in attendance this year. The new system of taxing railways will increase the school fund. Take the county of Wake for instance. It will receive about $5,000 additional from this source. All the receipts from this tax go to the counties, and, while four-fifths go to the general fund, one-fifth goes to the school fund. The railways have never before paid this tax. The fact is that the act passed by the last Legislature on this subject was a compromise. The railways, admitting that before this their property had not been listed and had paid no tax in this way, agreed to pay and stop litigation, for many suits had been instituted. So the public schools share in the general benefit.

National Finances.

WASHINGTON, June 21.—The following statement in reference to to the national finances, is authorized by the Treasury Department:

"The estimated receipts and expenditures of the Government in the months of July and August, show that there will be a decrease, rather than an increase of the treasury surplus during that time, after providing for the $19,716,000 of 3 per cent. bonds due July the 1st, and the surplus will be about $37,000,000. The pension appropriation of $76,075,000 for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1887, is already exhausted. Consequently the pension bureau reports that when the new appropriation becomes available on July 1st, it will be $12,000,000 for the payment of pensions. This will leave in the treasury a surplus of $25,000,000. The Government assets on National Bank depositories on July 1st, will about equal that sum, so that substantially the whole government balance will thus be available for the current business of the country on July 1st and will probably continue thus available for some months, for the amount of the government deposits in national banks constantly increases and in August another $12,000,000 will be drawn for pensions. Accruing interest and ordinary expenses will require $37,000,000 in July and August and the receipts for those months will be about $65,000,000, leaving on September 1 a surplus less than on July 1 of, say $36,000,000. Other considerations should be noted as affecting the influence of the Treasury upon the finances of the country. One is that of the above estimated receipts more than $1,000,000 will come, not from taxation, but from the profits on the coinage of the silver dollar. Another is that during July and August the government will spend at least $4,000,000 in purchase of Silver bullion, which sum is not included in the above estimated expenditures. Another is that $7,000,000 of the surplus is got by calling cash that amount of trade dollars redeemed and melted into bars last year.

The treasury surplus in July and August ranged from $75,000,000 to $85,000,000 as against from $18,000,000 to $20,000,000 this year, when a comparison is made upon the same basis, while the deposits in national bank depositories are much larger, during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1887. The circulating medium of the country will have been increased through treasury operations and otherwise about $70,000,000, of which $55,000,000 is in notes and coins of $20 and under."

THE BURNING OF COLUMBIA, S. C.

The Mother Superior of the Ursuline Nuns Fixes the Responsibility.

COLUMBIA, S. C., June 17, 1887.—The nuns of the Ursuline convent have moved into the famous and historical Hampton-Preston mansion, having purchased it for $27,000.

This mansion was given to them to occupy twenty-two years ago, under the following circumstances, related by the aged mother superior:

"On the morning of Feb. 18, 1865, when Gen. Sherman saw the Ursuline nuns and their crowd of students standing in St. Peter's church yard, their convent burning and themselves without food or shelter, he dismounted and approached with a bright, cheering manner, extended his hand and said: Oh, sister, these are times in which to practice Christian fortitude."

"You have made them so, General," replied the mother superior cheerfully.

"I am sorry, truly sorry, that your convent is burned," said the General.

A brief interview followed, during which General Sherman offered in the kindest manner to give the Ursuline nuns any unoccupied house in the city which they might choose for a convent, and a strong guard of protection. General Sherman then deputed General Charles Ewing, (son of Thomas Ewing, of Ohio) to contribute in whatever way he could to the comfort of the sisters. They were then taken to a Confederate hospital, but it was already crowded, and General Ewing advised the mother superior to accept General Sherman's offer and choose a convent. She replied:

"Yes, we have thought of asking for the Preston mansion, which is very large."

"Is that where Gen. Logan has his headquarters?" asked Gen. Ewing.

"Yes," was the reply.

"That is ordered to be burned to-morrow morning, after we leave; but if you will take it for a convent, I will speak to the General and the order will be countermanded."

The nuns found a temporary shelter for the night, and at an early hour in the morning they were informed by an officer that the orders were to fire the Preston mansion unless they were in actual possession. The mother superior and a number of sisters hastened to the mansion to find fires already lighted in the yard, and fire balls scattered in the house to the third floor, but upon their entering the fires were extinguished, and they were left in possession of one of the only houses left standing in the city. After the war they gave it up to Gen. Preston. The statements of the mother superior clearly prove by whose order Columbia was burned.

Bird's Eye View of the Earth.

[Frank Leslie's.]

If it were possible to rise above the atmosphere which surrounds the earth we should see nothing but an intense and sharply defined ball of fire, while everything else would be wrapped in total darkness. There could be no diffusion of light without an atmosphere or some similar medium for it to act upon; but if the air about us extended to a height of 700 miles the rays of the sun could not penetrate it, and we should be left in darkness. At a depth of 700 feet in the ocean the light ceases altogether, one-half of it being absorbed in passing through only seven feet of purest water.

A Tenderfoot in Boom City.

[Omaha World.]

Eastern Man—Yes, I like this climate and have about concluded to send for my family and settle here.

Boom City Man—Well, sir, I can show you some of the finest lots in—

"I can't afford to build. I must live in a rented house at the start. By the way, where is this Boom City you have been talking about?"

"You are in Boom City now. This railroad depot is at the foot of Metropolitan avenue, facing Monument square."

"But where are the houses? There isn't one in sight."

"See here, young fellow, if you are so danged unesthetic that you can't enjoy the beauties of nature without having it spotted all over with houses you'd better go back East."

Lime is a good disinfectant, use it freely about your premises—it is cheap. It is better to invest a little in that than to pay doctors' bills.

THE "HOOTER" HEARD FROM.

Apology and Marvelous Explanation of a Dakota Editor.

[Dakota Bell.]

We are glad to state that we have again heard from our old friend, the editor of the Harney *Hooter*. It is sad to notice that he is again in trouble. In the last issue of the *Hooter* he says:

"The editor of this paper is again the victim of a vile conspiracy, this time on the part of a bloated and arrogant corporation.

"Thursday night we were returning home from meeting some friends at the Two Orphans saloon, and had crossed the railroad track just before the 3 o'clock A. M. freight came along. We had proceeded about a block before the engine reached the crossing. When it came to that, instead of going on to the depot as is, of course, the usual custom, it suddenly jumped the track and came after us with a terrible shriek of its whistle and an unearthly clanging of the bell.

"We immediately struck up Pacific avenue, not, of course, wishing to come into a hand-to-hand conflict with a locomotive, only glancing over our shoulder long enough to observe that the headlight was magnified to four times its usual brilliancy, and that it was flashing and going out with terrible rapidity, while the engine was bounding up and down along the rough street and making vicious leaps at us. We suppose the record we made going up that street has never been surpassed west of the Missouri river. We tore along without stopping to breathe, but the engine steadily gained on us and shrieked and snorted with hideous intensity, and it seemed as if it must overtake us every moment and crush us under its iron wheels.

"The headlight, for some unaccountable reason, would flash with dazzling brilliancy and then go out and leave everything in utter darkness. The sickening shrieking of the whistle, the snort of the escaping steam and the crash and roar of the long freight cars as they were dragged along the street made the very blood run cold in our veins.

"Suddenly, during one of the terrible flashes, we saw the fireman crawl back and uncouple the cars. The engine leaped forward with new life, and we instantly saw we could never reach home, so dodged into an alley and crawled under Nick Boswell's livery barn. We could plainly hear the locomotive prowling around till nearly sunrise, hissing and roaring and trying to devise some means for getting at us. But we had outwitted it. Friends rescued us later in the day.

"We denounce the action of the railroad company, in thus allowing its property and employees to hunt harmless private citizens as if they were wild beasts, in the strongest terms, and will see that it is called to account. In this connection we also wish to brand the cowardly statement made in yesterday's *Howler* as a vile and unprincipled lie. The account of the affair published in that contemptible opposition sheet is so ridiculous and obviously false in every particular that we print it below entire that our readers may see the utter absurdity of what the poor driveling galoot says. Here it is:

"'The citizens of Harney were awakened at an early hour this morning by the demoniacal cries of an individual who proved to be none other than the editor of our esteemed contemporary, the *Hooter*. It seems that he had been in attendance at the opening of the Two Orphans saloon, and the usual free drinks were too much for him. Just after he crossed the railroad track a fire-fly flew out from some bushes and came towards him, and he, mistaking it for the headlight of a locomotive, rushed up the street, splitting the air of night with disgusting howls for mercy. He finally crawled under the livery barn, and was pulled out about noon by the legs. How much longer are our people going to allow this low-lived, drunken body-snatcher to exist?'"

What Might Be Done With Long-time Convicts.

[Geoffrey Quarles in New York Post.]

Dr. Seaman, late chief of staff of the Blackwell's Island hospital and penitentiary, spoke upon the problem of convict labor in his recent address before the Medico-Legal Society. He argues in favor of the English system of employing long sentence prisoners on great public works, such as harbor and fortification making. An effort is being made in another quarter to introduce transportation to Alaska. But there is a third alternative, suggested by some very commonplace facts, here submitted for consideration.

Society is, perhaps unnecessarily, afflicted by having to bear two enormous burdens, costly, demoralizing and oppressive. These are (1) the maintenance of criminals, and (2) the maintenance of widows and orphans left destitute by "accidents." I mean, here particularly, the families of miners killed by coalpit explosions, which occur so frequently. Now, the miner is probably the worthiest working citizen in the commonwealth. For our good he submits not only to tremendous toil, but to the sacrifice of sunlight and the pure air of heaven, and cheerfully faces the risk of being himself among the percentage of miners who every year get killed, something like one in thirty-eight. We owe more to the miner than we care to acknowledge.

On the other hand the criminal forfeits ordinary sympathy. The worst class, criminals who have just (unfortunately) dodged the hangman, society pronounces unfit to associate again with the community for a long time, if ever; i. e., society says they are unfit to live in the world.

Yet we exalt these malefactors to the position of state pensioners, we give them palatial residences, a costly staff of liveried servants with all the resources of medical and sanitary science to prolong their precious lives to the last possible gasp—all at the expense of the honest, law-abiding, virtuous taxpayer. And the coal getter? Well, we condemn him to banishment into the bowels of the earth, with the tolerably sure and certain hope of an "accidental" explosion, with loss of life or limb, and the probable pauperization of widows and orphans to follow.

Suppose, by way of experimental reform, our all-wise legislature were to select the life sentence convicts of the most worthless and repulsive type, and single out also the most dangerous mines. Suppose they were to place the former in the latter, say for ten years' daily labor. If, in the mysterious working of Providence, an explosion were to bereave us of these our erring brethren—well, we should rejoice that the calamity had not ended the lives of our honest, industrious miners, who raise their families as good citizens. On the other hand, the saving in cost of prisons would go far to insure the safety of our worthy miners by providing better preventives of "accidents." Only a few years ago a boat load of convicts were upset and drowned on a North Carolina river. It was sad, very, though we have not heard of any serious damage to society or the constitution in consequence.

A Dog That Could Talk.

A solemn man in a western city recently entered a restaurant, followed by his dog, seated himself, and called for a bill of fare. It was given him. "What would you like to have, sir?" asked the waiter, flipping the table with his napkin. The dog meanwhile had climbed upon a chair on the other side of the table, and was gravely regarding his master. "Well," said the solemn man reflectively, "gimme some oxtail soup." The waiter's face assumed the color of cold boiled veal. "Cup 'o coffee and plenty of milk," went on the solemn man. "Gimme the same," said the dog. The waiter shuddered, and turning, fled to the kitchen. A man with a squint, at an adjoining table, was much interested in the scene. He had observed it closely, and finally spoke to the solemn man: "It must be fearful lot 'o work to teach that dog to talk, mister." "It was," said the solemn man. "I should think so," said the dog. "What 'ad you take for him, now?" said the man with a squint. "Wouldn't sell him," said the solemn man. "You'd better not," said the dog. The man with a squint was much impressed. He began making wild offers, and when he reached $200 the solemn man relented. "Well," said he, "I can't refuse that. I hate to part with him, but you can have him." "He'll be sorry for it," said the dog. The man with the squint drew a check for the amount, which he gave to the solemn man. The man was about to leave when the dog cried again: "Never mind, I'll get even. I'll never speak again." He never did. The gentleman with the squint was proprietor of a show. The solemn man was a professional ventriloquist.

BIG SALARIES.

Several Men in New York Who Get as Much as the President of the United States.

[Washington Post.]

There are a score of men in New York who are paid as much for their services each year as the President of the United States. Forty thousand dollars a year is a very tidy salary. There are hundreds who get $25,000 a year salary, and the number who get from $10,000 to $20,000 are legion. Very ordinary men get from $5,000, to $8,000 a year, or as much as a Cabinet officer. Dr. Norvin Green, president of the Western Union Telegraph Company, is paid $50,000. So is Chauncey M. Depew, president of the New York Central Railroad. Richard M. McCurdy, president of the Mutual Life Insurance Company, gets a like amount. John Hoey, president of Adams Express Company, fares equally as well. President Henry B. Hyde, of the Equitable Life Insurance Company, is also in the list. George G. Williams, president of the Chemical National Bank, the richest banking institution in America, with nearly $5,000,000 of surplus, $20,000,000 average deposits, is paid a salary of $25,000 yearly. President Potts, of the Park Bank, and President Tappan, of Gallatin National Bank, receive a like sum each twelve months.

The best paid minister in New York is Dr. John Hall, a brainy man from the north of Ireland, who preaches to $200,000,000 every Sunday. His is the smallest church in town. He owes his rise in life to Robert Bonner, of the *Ledger*, who found him preaching to a small congregation in Dublin, and induced him to come to America. He gets a salary of $20,000 a year, and makes $5,000 by his newspaper and magazine articles. He is given a luxuriously furnished house as well. Dr. Morgan Dix, the chief pastor of Trinity Church corporation, the wealthiest in America, receives $15,000 yearly. Dr. William T. Taylor, of the Broadway Tabernacle, gets the same amount. He does literary work and lecturing that brings his income up to $20,000. Dr. Charles Hall, of the Fifth Avenue Presbyterian Church, is paid $15,000. He is very eloquent, and his church is crowded at all services. Dr. Parkhurst, of Madison Square Church, gets $12,000. He has a large and distinguished congregation. Cyrus W. Field is one of the pillars of the church. Dr. Paxton, who preaches to Jay Gould and others less wealthy, is paid $15,000. The Rev. Bobt. Collyer, the blacksmith preacher, is paid $10,000.

Marriage as an End.

[New York Correspondence Philadelphia Record.]

The question of marriage is a serious one, and because it is usually in the future, however remote, of the most young women they do not as a rule take as serious a hold of a profession as do young men. When a young man begins business he knows he will probably stick to it to the end of his days. The very fact that he may get married makes it more necessary that he should devote himself to money making. But with a young woman it is entirely different. I have known young women to become very proficient engravers, for example, and just as their employers were beginning to depend upon their work they got married and laid the graver aside forever. How often you find parents spending hundreds, even thousands of dollars on the musical education of their daughters, and when the daughters get married they shut up the piano, and their musical education is as good as thrown out of the window. I have heard hundreds of young married women say, when asked to play something: "I am entirely out of practice. I haven't opened the piano since I was married." What ever a man does he does for life; but as a usual thing when a woman undertakes a thing, instead of being for life, it is till she shall be married.

A dry June for a good crop year. We have had it this year, so we have reason to expect an abundant harvest.

An Exchange says to prevent flies from worrying horses and cattle, sponge them over with soap-suds mixed with carbolic acid.

—THE—

Racket Store,

Backed by the

LIVE CASH DOLLARS,

Is Growing in Popularity Every Day.

Having gained in a few months a patronage which others have struggled for years to obtain.

Below you will find a Price List which

A CASH SYSTEM

enables us to adopt. Read it carefully and note the advantages that are thereby offered:

Dress Goods, &c.

Figured Lawn 3½c. up, Victoria Lawn 5½c. up, Crinkled Seersucker 6c. up, Pique 7c., Crossbarred Muslin, Apron and Dress Ginghams, Prints, Shirting, Sheetings, Ticking, Curtain Net 10c. a yard up, Mosquito Net, Jeans 10c. up, Towels 4c. up, Handkerchiefs 1c. up, Laces, Edging and Insertings 1c. a yard up, Table Linens, &c.

Notions.

Pins 2c., Best Brass Pin 3c., Thread 2c. (200 yards), Silk Thread 4c., Dressing Combs 2c. up, Tucking Combs 4c. up, Hairpins 2c. per bunch (48), Toilet Soap 2c. up, Garters 3c. up, Garter Elastic 3c. y'd up, Purses 4c. up, Hand Bags, Baskets, Perfumery 5c. up, Face Powder 4c. up. Dress Shields 10c., Ladies Gauze Vests 28c. up, Bass Balls 4c. up, Whalebone 4c. per pc., Featherbone 14c. y'd, Pant Buttons 8c. per gross, Dress Buttons—white and smoked pearl, pearl, agate, &c., 1c. doz. up, Fine Silk Jersey Gloves 38c., others from 6c. up.

Hoisery.

Ladies', Misses' and Gents, 5c. up.

Umbrellas, Fans, Parasols, Whips, Corsets 25c. up. The Racket Corset 47c.

Fishing Tackle.

Hooks 5c. doz., Hooks and Lines 4c. up.

Ladies' Jerseys

47c. up; a Fast Black, Coat Back, Elastic Seams, 61c.; an all wool 91c.

Gents' Furnishing Goods.

3 and 4 ply Linen Collars 7, 8, 9, 10 and 12c., 3 and 4 ply Linen Cuffs 14c. up, 100 dozen Ties and Scarfs, beautiful styles, 2c. up, colored Shirts 39c. up, white unlaundried Shirts 33c. up, the N. Y. Mills celebrated Shirts 65c., laundried Shirts 53c. up, Jeans Drawers 23c. up, Balbriggan Suits, Suspenders, work Shirts, Overalls, Seersucker Coats and Vests $1.31.

Stationery.

Note Paper, 3, 4, 5 and 7c. quire.
Envelopes 3 and 4c. pack, 25 in pack.
Legal and Fools Cap 8, 9, 10c. quire.
Memorandum Books 3c. up
Order Books 5 and 7c.
Writing Tablets 3c. up.
Copy Books 2c. up.
Lead Pencils 10, 20 and 25c. dozen.
Slate Pencils 24c. dozen.
Slates 2 cents each. Ink 3c.
Falcon and Stub Pens 5c. dozen.
Penholders 1c. dozen up.
Beautiful Scrap Books 17 cents up.
Scrap Pictures 1c. dozen up.
Autograph and Photo Albums.
Playing Cards 5c. pack.
Photo Frames, Easels, Plaques, &c.
Leads for Automatic Pencils.
School Satchels.

Shoes.

Examine our new lot of Shoes, which we bought at the late failure of Clutman & Bingham, Manufacturers of fine Shoes.

Men's Buttons, Congress and English Balmorals and Brogans. Boys' fine Balmorals and Brogans. Ladies' and Misses' fine Kid and Goat Button and Lace Shoes and Slippers. Gents' Patent Leather hand sewed Pumps. Infant Shoes, &c. All at 25 per cent. below current prices.

Hardware.

Handsaws 29 to 38c. Hammers 11c up. Hatchets 38c. up. Wrenches 10c. up. Braces 35c. Chisels 17c. up. Drawing Knives 33c. Spirit Levels 8 cents. Curry Combs 4c. up. Pocket Cutlery 4c. up. Padlocks 7c. up. Closet and Door Locks 14c. up. Scissors and Shears 4c. up. Razors 23c. up. Wade & Butcher's fine Razors 51c. Carpet Tacks 2c. Tack Claws, Screws 1c. dozen up. Pliers, Can Openers, Garden Tools, Hoe, Rake and Spade 23c., Lemon Squeezers 23c., Paint Brushes, Razor Strops 14c. up, Pipes, Gun Caps, Mucilage 4c., French Shoe Dressing 5c. bottle, Rules 5c. up, Shaving Brushes 4c. up, Table Spoons 17c. set up, Toothpicks, Coffee Mills, Blacking 1c. and 2c. box, Brushes, &c.

Tinware.

Always on hand a large assortment at Racket prices; besides many other lines too numerous to mention. Call and see us and secure your bargains while they are here.

Our stock has been largely increased within the last few days, and you will find it to your best interst to examine it before purchasing elsewhere. You will find many lines which space will not permit us to mention. Call early and avail yourself of an excellent opportunity to secure

Bargains.

Respectfully,

MORRIS, CARNEY & CO.,

HAY STREET,
Fayetteville, N. C.

New York office, 406 Broadway.

June 2 tf

OBSERVER.

G. H. HAIGH, Editor and Proprietor.

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

THURSDAY.....JULY 7, 1887.

THE LESSON OF THE FLAGS.

The much ado about nothing has had one good effect: it has shown there is at the North both a peace and a war party, and that the speeches of Sherman, the palsied words of Fairchild, and the denunciations of Tuttle, have little hold upon the people of the North. They have followers, but the majority in the North, as well as in the South, are for peace, prosperity and happiness, and care not to revive dead issues, and prove conclusively that other issues must be made in the next campaign, the bloody shirt has played.

THE OBSERVER has not had much to say about the Knights of Labor. It has recognized the fact that the laboring man had his grievances, and it has thought that his rights should receive attention. It has not, of course, sided with them in everything, for it cannot believe that their order justifies all that is done in their name. Bad men are everywhere, even in the churches; but churches or religion should not be denounced on account of these bad men. The Democratic party is unquestionably the laboring man's friend. It has not departed from its old paths. It is but right, therefore, to consult with them, to find out what they require, and endeavor to help them. Those among us here are good men, are not imbued with ideas of Socialism or Anarchism, but only desire laws to protect them as a class and better their condition. To be a laboring man now is far different from what it was years ago. The class has changed, and a more respectable body, a better educated and skilled set, are at the head of affairs, and the Democratic party should look to their wants.

The Teachers' Assembly, which have been having such a glorious time at Morehead City, broke up last Thursday, many of them going on an excursion to Washington City. Before ending the session Prof. Alderman was unanimously re-elected President for the next year; Vice Presidents, Messrs. Noble, Henry Hobgood, Scarborough, English, Frazier, Neal, Moses and Finger. Treasurer D. L. Ellis and Secretary Eugene Harrell were unanimously re-elected.

E. B. Lewis, of Davis county, received the Medal for the best knowledge of Moore's History of North Carolina, given by Alfred Williams & Co.

Miss Isabel Graves, of Mt. Airy, received the gold medal offered by A. S. Barnes & Co. for the best examination in Barnes' General History.

The jury that convicted Jacob Sharp must have been an intelligent one. They spent Sunday, one reading "The Life of Shelly," another "Alexander the Great," and one even tackled the "North American Review." No wonder it did not take them longer than thirteen minutes to decide his fate. But one feels sad when he reads of his poor wife, who now attends him night and day in prison, and woman-like sticks closer to him in adversity. To her it is a sad ending of a happy life. She had placed perfect confidence in him, and yet believes in him. Poor woman!

While those who fought and have so much to forgive lead in the pleasant ways of peace, how wicked appears the traffic in sectional hate and the betrayal of patriotic sentiment!—*The President's Gettysburg Letter.*

How noble and patriotic are those sentiments! How different from those of Sherman, Fairchild or Blaine!

The balloon sent up by the New York *World* attained the height of 16,000 feet before it met with its accident. At this altitude the thermometer marked 37°, while at the earth's surface it was 95°. Signal Service Hazen accompanied the aeronauts.

STATE NEWS.

Travel to Western North Carolina is very large.

The sad ending of the railroad accident at Goldsboro has caused the trains to move more slowly through towns.

Greensboro is on a boom: electric light and a $10,000 Graded School, besides opening new streets and constantly adding new buildings. It is a growing place.

Lieut. R. P. Davis, one of North Carolina's recent graduates at West Point, has been assigned to Second Artillary, Lieut. Charles Gerhard to 25th Infantry.

Salisbury *Watchman*: Twenty-four thousand dollars of English money arrived here yesterday to pay for the Parker, Biles and other mining property in Stanly county.

Gaston *Gazette*: An observing farmer said to us the other day that last year a bushel of wheat yielded only about 28 to 30 pounds of good flour and that the yield this year would average above 40.

Of the six N. C. boys who stood examination for West Point this year, only three were successful. Douglas Settle of Greensboro, Chas. C. Gedney of Shelby and William Carter of Statesville.

We have received the prospectus of the N. C. Grange Encampment and Farmers' Institute to be held at Mount Holly, Gaston County, August 10th to 13th. Hon. Kemp P. Battle will deliver the address.

Gov. Scales has appointed Col. W. H. S. Burgwyn to represent N. C. at the Agricultural Convention to be held at Atlanta on the 15th August. Col. Burgwyn is a public spirited, intelligent and patriotic gentleman and will do N. C. honor.

Piedmont *Press*: The wheat crop, which has about all been harvested in this county, is certainly the finest and best that has ever been garnered in the county, and all the farmers are jubilant over their prospects for good crops of corn, as the prospects are now flattering.

Patriot: J. Van Lindly has a bonanza in fruit this year. Within the past week or ten days he says he has shipped to Richmond 143 crates of peaches, netting him $2.00 each. He reports his orchard last year to have netted him about ten dollars per acre, this year it will net him about fifty dollars per acre.

THE CROPS.—From all parts of the State the oat, wheat and rye crops were never better and they have been harvested and are ready for the thresher. The cotton and corn is in splendid condition, and if there is sufficient rainfall from this date the yield from these two crops will be the largest ever known in the State.

The monument to the Confederate dead, at Charlotte was unveiled on Thursday last, with appropriate exercises. Senator Vance was the orator of the occasion, and as usual his speech was in accord with his former record. The *Democrat* says:

The speech of Senator Vance at the unveiling ceremonies last Wednesday was exceedingly temperate in tone, and one which, if published throughout the country, would do this section a vast amount of good. The Senator's thorough acquaintance with the leaders of both the great parties of the north places him in a position to know whereof he speaks, and his utterances have weight in the troubled districts of New England, where some think we are still voting for Mr. Davis for President.

Why North Carolina Has Not Received Many Appointments.

[Correspondence of Wilmington Messenger.]

WASHINGTON, June 29.—"Why is it," said a prominent Southerner to me this morning, "that the President has not done more for North Carolina in making his best appointments? It was not so in the long ago. Look at it. The far East, the far South, New York, all honered by seats in the Cabinet, and so of the extreme Northwest. But North Carolina that was thought enough of by Old Hickory and other Presidents to hold a portfolio, and by Washington, in the very beginning, to accord to her a seat on the bench of the Supreme Court—North Carolina has not received a single first-class place in the government service. Gov. Jarvis' mission is of the second grade of the more important ones. South Carolina, which State has received in number more than North Carolina, has also been given better positions. The Comptroller of the Currency and an Assistant Secretary are from that little commonwealth. Georgia, too, has had her full share; she has had, besides other things, two ministers of high grade; and now they say one of her Senators may succeed Mr. Lamar if he desires. Virginia has one or two good missions and the Railway Commissioner, not to speak of other places. It is too bad. I wish you would speak right out, for I like old North Carolina and resent the treatment she has received."

On this subject a few days ago, an explanation was offered by a North Carolinian. He said: "How can you wonder? In most of the States where unusual favors have been bestowed the support of the administration is hearty and unanimous. I know it is the case in South Carolina and Mississippi, and it is also true as to Georgia. In North Carolina what do you see? A part of the press—and that not an uninfluential part—fights the President straight from the shoulder and makes no bones of its bitter hostility. Some of the public men are the same way. Now, Mr. Cleveland is human. He says to himself: 'Here is a divided people. Some are for me, some against me. Unless there is overpowering reason who not, I prefer to have around me my friends.'"

I am obliged to say that there is some truth in what the first gentleman quoted above observed. But it is more apparent than real. The President has not slighted North Carolina, although circumstances have prevented his doing as much as I think he intended to do in the beginning. He is not unfriendly to the State—why should he be? But the State has not united in pressing its big men for the highest positions, and sometimes the wrong men have been suggested. I know men in North Carolina who can get anything here that is vacant.

The Gettysburg Celebration.

GETTYSBURG, Pa., July 3.—Gettysburg presented a gay and animated scene last night. Houses were decorated with flags, evergreens and bunting. The streets were brilliantly illuminated and thonged with thousands of people.

At 8:35 a ringing cheer from the Philadelphia brigade, promptly and heartily answered by the well known rebel yell, announced that the visitors had arrived, and two hundred of Pickett's veterans marched out and surrendered themselves to the hospitality of their friends.

As the procession moved along Chambersburg street to the public square, cheers and applause greeted it at every step. The Confederates, who were armed with rockets, discharged them as they marched along, proudly bearing the stars and stripes pes in their midst, the only flag in the line, and responded heartily to the greetings with their peculiar battle yell, so well known here, to the great delight of the assembled crowd.

When the procession reached Center square the Union and Confederate lines were drawn up facing. The Confederates stepped forward, saying: "Here we are once more together. Let us shake hands. Let us trade coffee."

The bands played "Way down South in Dixie," fireworks lit up the sky, and all the people cheered.

At 9:35 the procession moved to the court-house, where a camp-fire was held. The doors were thrown open, and the band entered, followed by Pickett's men. When all was ready General Burns assisted Mrs. General Pickett to the stand and, amid tremendous cheers, which shook the building, introduced her and her son to the audience. She was visibly affected, and with difficulty restrained her tears. Whenever General Pickett's name was mentioned the cheering was tremendous. When Colonel Ayelette, becoming excited, and branching off somewhat from his prepared oration, mentioned the name of the Union the whole audience arose and shouted itself hoarse. As soon as the President's letter was read, General Burns jumped up and proposed "Three cheers for the President of the United States." These were given standing and with telling effect.

A CARD OF THANKS.

CHARLOTTE, N. C., April 29, 1887.

Mr. S. Jones, Gen. Agent for North Carolina of the Provident Savings Life Insurance Society of New York:

DEAR SIR—I have occasion to thank you for the prompt payment of ten thousand dollars, the full amount of insurance under policy No. 21372, upon the life of my late husband, Edward S. Burwell, by check, dated on the day the proofs of death were accepted, without waiting 60 or 90 days, as is the usual custom in such cases, and as might have been done by the terms of your policy contract.

With best wishes for your success and of the sterling Company you represent,

Yours truly,

MATTIE W. BURWELL.

INSURANCE THAT INSURES.

[Charlotte Chronicle.]

The caption of this article is suggested by a check shown us yesterday, drawn by the President of the Provident Savings Life Insurance Company, of New York, in favor of Mrs. Mattie W. Burwell for $10,000.

When it is considered that the party insured his life and paid only $22.00—first quarterly payment—and thereby secured to his family ten thousand dollars, it proved a remunerative investment when this amount is paid down, upon the day of acceptance of proofs of death, without waiting for the 90 days to expire, as by its policy contract, it was entitled to do, it rises to the dignity of a transaction that is worthy of the highest commendation, and too much cannot be said in praise of such a corporation. That's the Provident Savings Life Insurance Company, of New York. Its rates are attractively low, and the security absolutely beyond question.

Wonderful Cures.

W. D. Hoyt & Co., Wholesale and Retail Druggists of Rome, Ga., say: We have been selling Dr. King's New Discovery, Electric Bitters and Bucklen's Arnica Salve for two years. Have never handled remedies that sell as well, or give such universal satisfaction. There have been some wonderful cures effected by these medicines in this city. Several cases of pronounced Consumption have been entirely cured by the use of a few bottles of Dr. King's New Discovery, taken in connection with Electric Bitters. We guarantee them always. Sold by B. E. Sedberry, Fayetteville, N. C.

Greatly Excited.

Not a few of the citizens of Fayetteville have recently become greatly excited over the astounding fact, that several of their friends who had been pronounced by their physicians as incurable and beyond all hope—suffering with that dreaded monster Consumption—have been completely cured by Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, the only remedy that does positively cure all throat and lung disease, Coughs, Colds, Asthma and Bronchitis.

Trial bottle free at B. E. Sedberry's Drug Store, large bottles $1.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The Best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box.

For Sale by B. E. Sedberry, Fayetteville, N. C.

TARRANT'S SELTZER APERIENT

A NATURAL, PALATABLE, RELIABLE REMEDY.

In TARRANT'S SELTZER you behold
A certain cure for young and old;
For *Constipation* will depart,
And *Indigestion* quickly start,
Sick Headache, too, will soon subside,
When TARRANT'S SELTZER has been tried.

may 12 6m jun 30 2w

FRESH
TURNIP SEED
A Large Lot Just Received.
ALL VARIETIES.
LANDRETH'S
Are the BEST. Don't Sow any Other Always FRESH and RELIABLE.
—We carry a full stock of—
Drugs, Medicines, Paints, Oils, Glass, &c.,
WHICH WE OFFER AT THE VERY LOWEST PRICES.
Call and see for yourselves at
T. W. BROADFOOT & CO'S.
DRUG STORE.
je 23 tf

Grocers' Strike
FOR TRADE!

For some time we have been a member of this strike, and "Strike while the iron's hot" is our motto. So, come along, bring your friends with you, continue the good work.

LOTS OF GOOD GOODS AT LOW PRICES
Can be bought of
A. S. HUSKE & CO.

We ask for your trade for the reason that we give as many goods, of as good quality, as can be bought of any other reliable firm or merchant of this city. We willingly meet honorable competition. We try to have an eye to the wants of our customers, with the view of adding more to our list, thinking and believing good customers appreciate thoughtful consideration.

When in want of
Canned Goods
of superior quality, give us a call. Other goods guaranteed standard in quality. Call or send your orders in time to avoid the rush.
We will give Highest Market Prices for Country Produce.
WE ARE AGENTS FOR
The Clipper Plow
And for the Southside Manufacturing Co's. Fruit Crates, Baskets, &c.
We are also Shippers of Scuppernong Grapes.
A. S. HUSKE & CO.

A. GARRASON.
FRUITS:
Foreign, Domestic and Canned.
CANDY:
ROYSTER'S
(Fresh and Best.)
GROCERIES:
FROM
Beef Tongue to Side Meat,
FROM
GRANULATED MEAL to GAMBRILL'S FLOUR,
FROM
Macaroni and Cheese
TO
MUSTARD and PICKLES.
TOBACCO, CIGARS and SNUFF.
Call early and often.
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Order of Publication.

North Carolina, Harnett County, } In Superior Court.

J. E. Bryan, Adm'r Mrs. F. I. Murchison, dec'd., *Versus* M. McKay, N. McKay, J. W. McKay, K. Murchison and wife M. E., and *others*, heirs at law of Mrs. F. I. Murchison.

Petition to Sell Real Estate for Assets.

It appearing to the satisfaction of the Court that parties, names unknown, heirs of Arch'd McKay, residing in Arkansas, defendants in the above entitled cause, reside beyond the limits of this State; it is, therefore, on motion, Ordered by the Court, That advertisement be made for six weeks successively in the OBSERVER, a weekly newspaper published in the town of Fayetteville, county of Cumberland, notifying said defendants of the filing of this petition, and that unless they appear on or before the 25th day of July; 1887, at the office of the Clerk of the Superior Court of said county of Harnett, and answer the petition, the same will be taken *pro confesso*, and heard *ex parte* as to them.

Witness my hand and official seal this, 3rd day of June, 1887.

J. A. CAMERON, C. S. C., Harnett County.

june 9 6w

ADVERTISEMENTS.

MOURNING GOODS.

Our lines of first-class goods in this Department are more complete than ever. We show the best brands and fabrics, and take pleasure in recommending them to our customers.

FRENCH TAMIS CLOTH,
SILK WARP HENRIETTA CLOTH,
(the famous nickel board trade mark; none genuine without it.)
SIBERIAN CREPE CLOTH,
ITALIAN CORDS,
ETTAMINE,
NUNS VEILING,
(best French makes, in jet black.)
CREPELINE,
BLACK CACHEMIRES,
(blue blacks and jet blacks)
FRENCH SATEENS,
("Moulhouse" brand best make, jet black.)

It is needless to send on orders for these goods, when you have such a splendid variety to select from at home.

Frank Thornton
je 23 3t

NEW GOODS.
BROWN & RODDICK,
27 HAY STREET, - FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.,
Are receiving daily
New Goods, Suitable for Spring and Summer Wear,
Comprising Comprising
Dress Goods,
In all Shades and Prices.
Hosiery and Underwear.
HAMBURG EDGINGS AND INSERTIONS, NAINSOOK EDGINGS AND INSERTIONS, SWISS EDGINGS AND INSERTIONS, AND KING'S RUFFLINGS.
LACES LACES.
In Torchon, Oriental and Valenciennes.
Jeans, Cottonades, Cassimeres.
BROWN & RODDICK,
27 Hay street.
Branch Store Wilmington, N. C. tf
apl 7

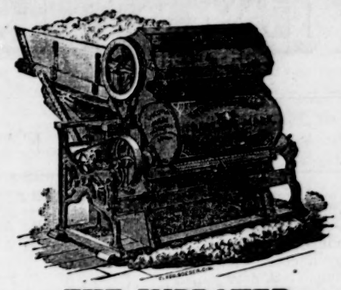
TICKET OFFICE
CAPE FEAR & YADKIN VALLEY
RAILWAY COMPANY.
FAYETTEVILLE, N. C., June 23, 1887.
Excursion Tickets
are now on sale, at the usual reduction, good to return until Oct. 30th, to
Asheville, N. C.;
Hickory, N. C.;
Hot Springs, N. C.;
Ore Hill, (Mt. Vernon Springs), N. C.;
Red Springs, N. C.;
Danbury, (Piedmont Springs), N. C.;
Christiansburg, Va.,
And other mountain resorts.
Prices and information furnished upon application.
june 23 3t G. W. LAKE, Agt.

THE CELEBRATED
Sweet Mash Tobacco
FOR SALE BY
A. MOORE.

SEDBERRY'S
Notice for the Past and Future.
As is universally known, BOND E. SEDBERRY has been in the Drug business in Fayetteville for
30 YEARS 30 YEARS
During that time he has been forced to furnish medicine free to scores and scores of poor people who were not able to pay for prescriptions and medicine. Under the circumstances he felt it to be his duty to do the best he could to relieve them. This he did, and in the great majority of cases the remedies acted well. The result was that he discovered a valuable remedy for each of the following diseases:
Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Summer Complaints, Kidney Trouble, Coughs and Falling off of the Hair.
For reasons best known to himself he has never advertised or pushed them, and perhaps he never will, but if he does they will be called:
Sedberry's own Thunder and Lightning Rheumatic Remedy.
Sedberry's own Thunder and Lightning Remedy for Neuralgia.
Sedberry's own Thunder and Lightning Remedy for Summer Complaint.
Sedberry's own Thunder and Lightning Remedy for Kidney Trouble.
Sedberry's own Thunder and Lightning Hair Tonic.
mch 10

UNIVERSITY
Of North Carolina.
CHAPEL HILL, N. C.
The session is divided into two terms: the first beginning the last Thursday in August and ending at Christmas, the second beginning early in January and ending first Thursday in June. Tuition, $30.00 for each term. For room rent and service, $5.00 per term. Those unable to pay tuition are allowed to give their notes, secured if possible. Tuition in the Normal Course free. Post Graduate instruction also free. The Faculty is now sufficiently strong to give instruction in a wide range of studies.
For terms in the Law School apply to Hon. John Manning, LL. D. For Catalogues apply to W. T. Patterson, Bursar, Chapel Hill, N. C. For special information apply to
june 30 1m KEMP. P. BATTLE, LL. D.

Greensboro Female College,
GREENSBORO, N. C.
The Sixty-Fifth Session of this well-equipped and prosperous School will begin on the 24th of August, 1887. Faculty able, accomplished, and faithful, instruction thorough. Special advantages offered in the departments of Music, Art, Elocution, and Modern Languages. Charges moderate.
For Catalogue apply to T. M. JONES,
je 23-2 mos President.

TO THE FRONT.

THE IMPROVED
GULLETT MAGNOLIA COTTON GIN
Awarded the First Degree of Merit over all other makes,
AT THE LATE WORLD'S EXPOSITION AT NEW ORLEANS.
A sample 50-saw Gin, complete, on hand. Call and examine.
july 7 tf R. M. NIMOCKS.

THE SMITH IMPROVED GIN.

THIS IS THE
Latest Improved Cotton Gin now on the Market.
FOR SALE BY
june 30 3m J. B. STARR, Fayetteville, N. C.

Medical College of Virginia.
RICHMOND.
Fiftieth Session commences October 3rd, 1887, continues six months.
For further information write for Catalogue.
J. S. DORSEY CULLEN,
june 30 2m Professor of Surgery, Dean of Faculty.

MILLINERY, NOTIONS AND FANCY GOODS
In Great Abundance.
ALL THE LATEST NOVELTIES OF THE SEASON.
THE
CABINET HATS
Are Unique and the Flowers are Fancy.
New Goods Every Week.
17 HAY STREET. MRS. DYE.
apl 28 tf

JAPANESE GOODS. | CHINESE GOODS.
IN ALL VARIETIES,
Beautiful, Ornamental and Useful.
CALL AT
THE BOOK AND MUSIC STORE
AND SEE THE
Japanese and Chinese Goods.
june 9 tf McNEILL & CO.

White's Combined Plow!
STILL ACKNOWLEDGED TO BE THE BEST PLOW

FOR ALL WORK ON THE FARM,
AS IT COMBINES
A Good Turning Plow with all the Stonewall Cotton and Tobacco Attachments.
PLOWS and CASTINGS for them always on hand. I also offer the BOY DIXIE, ATLAS, STONEWALL, "BOSS," CLIMAX TOBACCO PLOW and all other styles, such as Nos. 10, 35, 40, 50, 48, A 6 and M 6. For sale at LOW PRICES for CASH.
A FULL LINE OF GROCERIES AND HARDWARE ON HAND.
feb 24-tf CHAS. HAIGH, Next Door to People's Bank.

TIN!
Another big drive in Tinware at
HEADQUARTERS,
G. A. THOMSON.

FAYETTEVILLE
Sewing Machine and Music House.
Oil, Needles and Attachments.
"STAYBRIGHT" POLISH—best in the world for Furniture.
REPAIRING A SPECIALTY.
june 23 1y J. H. FARRAR, Agt.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

Who Said So?
—That—
LOTTIER'S
Strawberry Twist Chewing Tobacco
IS NOT THE BEST ON THE MARKET!
Try it, and you will be fully satisfied. Read the following liberal inducements for the return of the Tags off of "Strawberry Twist" during 1887, and it's your own fault if you do not be benefited by using it:
For 100 Tags, a Handsome 4-Bladed Pocket Knife.
For 300 Tags, an Elegant Nickel-plated Student's Lamp—non-explosive.
For 2,000 Tags, a Handsome Hunting-case Elgin Watch—Stem-Winder.
For 4,000, a Handsome set of Furniture, Antique, Oak or Cherry.
To be had of the following first-class dealers: Chas. Haigh, wholesale and retail grocer, 22 Hay street; W. J. Boone & Co., Gillespie street; Geo. A. Thomson, groceries and family supplies, 21 Person street; R. T. Scanlin, agt., groceries and liquors, 47 Person st.; W. J. McDonald, Jr., tobacco and liquors, Green st.; G. H. Ingram, grocer, Person st. Trade supplied with 10 pound boxes at factory prices by A. E. Rankin & Co., wholesale grocers, Fayetteville, N. C.
It costs only 10 cents to try it, and it is money well spent. Once tried, always chewed.
It Is STRICTLY SUN-CURED Goods.
june 30 1m

HEADQUARTERS.
GEO. A. THOMSON.
Wide-Awake!
Stock Replenished and Kept Fully Up!
Epicureans know the Toothsome Delights that are to be found in my stock. Now that beef and shad are uninviting, Fulton Market (corned) Beef, Spiced Tripe, Spiced Pig Feet, Chipped Beef (broiled), Strictly Fancy No. 1 Mackerel, Springfield Ham, Ferris' M. C. Hams, North Carolina Hams and Cesard's M. C. Breast or Breakfast Strips await your commands.
MY PASTRY FLOUR
IS TOO WELL KNOWN for comment. I carry the largest stock of W. G. Wilson's Crackers, the greatest variety and largest stock of Pickles, Preserves, Jellies, Jams, Fruits, Nuts and Candies, Canned Meats, Canned Vegetables, Canned Fruits, Glass Goods—Lamb Tongues, Mushrooms, Salads, Catsup, Sauces; Foreign and Domestic Fruits preserved in their own fluid, Extracts and Essences, Imported Olive Oil, Pure Crab Apple Vinegar—4 years old, Royal Baking Powder and all other desirable Baking Powders, Oatmeal, Hominy, Maccaroni, Farina, Vermicelli, Pine Apple and English Dairy Cheese, Fancy Full Cream Mild Summer Cheese, Green and Roasted Coffees—unrivalled, Teas—Black and Green—selected by an expert, Spices of all kinds, Corn Starch, Gelatine, Laundry Starch, Laundry Soaps, Toilet Soaps, Bluing, Blacking, Shoe Dressing and Polish, and anything that can be mentioned and found in First-class Houses.
Glassware, China, Crockery, Tinware, Wood and Willow-ware, Cutlery and Cordage
ALWAYS IN STOCK.
apl 21 tf

1793. F. I. L. I. 1793.
"He that hath no stomach to this fight, let him depart."
We sell the above brand of Cigars, and acknowledge no superiors, few equals.
The NO. 11 CIGAR is far ahead of a great many Cigars of same price. Sales of the year 1885, 6,233,900 of the unrivalled No. 11 Cigar.
A. S. HUSKE & CO.,
Agents for Fayetteville, N. C.
Proprietors of F. I. L. I. brand. june 30

The Springs Hotel,
RED SPRINGS, N. C.
JUNE 1, 1887.
This charming and pleasant resort is now open for the accommodation of health and pleasure seekers. The generous patronage bestowed on me in the past, for which my thanks are due and tendered, has stimulated me to use my best and utmost endeavors for the comfort, convenience and pleasure of my guests in the future.
THE SPRINGS HOTEL
Is Delightfully Situated
IN THE LARGE GROVE NEXT TO THE SPRINGS.
For further particulars, &c., address
MRS. WM. PRIOR,
Red Springs, N. C.
Reduced Railroad Rates for the season to parties visiting the Springs. june 9 1m

Sale under Execution.

On Monday, July 25th, at the Court House door in Fayetteville, N. C., I will sell for cash to the highest bidder the following tracts of land:

One tract lying in Carver's Creek township, on the south side of Little River, about four miles from its mouth, deeded to E. J. Lilly by J. P. Hodges, containing about 110 acres. See book V., No. 3, page 196.

Also, one tract lying in Carver's Creek township, known as the Surles land, deeded by Hannibal Surles to Mrs. A. B. Walker, containing 228 acres.

Also, one tract lying in Carver's Creek township, known as the Williams land and now owned by W. G. Adams, containing 108 acres.

To satisfy an execution in my hands for collection against S. J. A. Darden, W. G. Adams and Mrs. A. B. Walker, which has been levied on as the property of S. J. A. Darden as to the first-named tract, the second named tract as the property of Mrs. A. B. Walker, the third-named tract as the property of W. G. Adams.

NEILL McQUEEN,
June 25, 1887. ts Sheriff Cumberland County.

OBSERVER.

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

Published Every Thursday at 19 Green Stree (Observer Building.)

THURSDAY.....JULY 7, 1887.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION:

One year (in advance).....$2 00
Six months (in advance).....1 00
☞ No name entered without payment, and no paper sent after expiration of time paid for.

RATES OF ADVERTISING

Advertisements will be inserted for $1.00 per square (one inch) for the first and fifty cents for each subsequent publication.
Contracts for advertising for any space or time may be made at the office of the OBSERVER, or by correspondence.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

R. M. NIMOCKS—Cotton Gins.
W. J. McDONALD, JR.—Toltec.
NEILL McQUEEN—Sheriff's sale.
W. J. McDONALD, JR.—Tobacco.
PEOPLE'S BANK—Dividend Notice.
PEMBERTON & PRIOR—Turnip Seed.
MISS WESSIE GOODE—Music Lessons.
JOHN D. WILLIAMS—Lost Certificate.
FAYETTEVILLE BANK—Dividend Notice.
PEMBERTON & PRIOR—Rheumatic Remedy.
JAS. D. McNEILL—Is getting things "in fix."

TOWN AND COUNTY.

☞If you owe for your subscription to the OBSERVER, send the money for a receipt.

TO NEW SUBSCRIBERS.—We will furnish the FAYETTEVILLE OBSERVER and *North Carolina Farmer* from this date for two dollars and twenty-five cents a year.

How many pistols were given in for taxation? Guess.

Now that coffee is so high, drink water, and drink it straight.

Our new town marshal is ever vigilant. It was a good appointment.

The peach crop must be a total failure; we have not seen a peach this year.

Farmers are complaining wofully of the chinch bugs. They are devouring the corn.

Agricultural institutes are the order of the day. Cumberland must not be behind.

The little folks had a very pleasant dance at Buieville on last Thursday night.

Now that your taxes are listed, Mr. H. C. Fisher wants you to give in your purchase tax.

The Wilmington *Star* is much improved by its new type. It stands otherwise, as it has always done, to the front!

There will be services at St. John's Church on next Sunday night, beginning at 8:30 o'clock. Sermon by the Assistant Rector.

The prisoners who escaped from our jail last week must have heard that Judge Connor did not believe in the increase of crime, and they wanted Cumberland to have a clear record. Considerate fellows.

We learn that Mr. S. G. Worth, recently editor of the *Evening News*, but for years Fish Commissioner of North Carolina, is now stationed at Delaware City, Delaware, in the service of the U. S. Fish Commission.

Much to our surprise, we learn that the blackberry crop about here is quite large. Someone should offer to buy the dried fruit; it might become quite an industry, and children as well as grown persons might thus make a few dollars.

There was another excursion on the Wilson Short Cut last Thursday, this time a colored one, from Selma and Smithfield. It did not appear to be a very large one, but was reported to number 350. They were a quiet, orderly set.

We acknowledge the receipt of the Catalogue of the Greensboro Female College for '86-87. The total number of students for the past year was 189. Fayetteville and Cumberland are represented at the institution. It has much to recommend it.

There has been much anxiety about Col. A. Rowland, Congressman elect, and we are pleased to learn through Dr. Haigh that Dr. R. F. Lewis reports him better today. Dr. Haigh was called to Lumberton last week to see Col. Rowland at Dr. Lewis' request.

It is rumored that the C. F. & Y. V. Railroad will endeavor to lease the A. & N. C. Railroad. We know nothing of it, but understood they were desirous of doing so several years go. It may be the old rumor revived. Beaufort might be immensely benefited by it.

Watermelons are earlier this year than usual. Two weeks ago a few were brought to market, and occasionally since, but on Saturday, July 2nd, Mr. J. P. McLean brought a load to market. It is generally considered early to have them on the 4th of July, but we are ahead this year.

We regret to learn that Mr. John McDuffie lost over $300 worth of lumber last week. Mr. McDuffie had a contract to supply the new hotel, and he was drying the lumber in his kiln when it caught fire. Mr. Williams tells us that it will not interfere a day with the building of the hotel.

The Wilmington *Messenger* now greets us daily. It is the largest daily in the State, and is well filled with newsy matter, both state and local. Its advertising columns show wonderful patronage. Mr. Bonitz has shown energy and spirit in his undertaking, and with his go-ahead spirit there is no such word as fail We hope it may have all the success that his highest hopes anticipate.

Stepping into the office of Mr. E. J. Lilly one day last week, we were shown a sample of their A. A. sheeting which they were shipping to China. Each bolt is stamped with the trade-mark of the Chinese firm, two Chinese celestials, whether women or men we cannot say, and also with four Chinese characters or letters on the side. We asked for the explanation, but none of the elders could enlighten us, but a *Cumming* young man from Wilmington said, "Manufactured by Bluff Mills."

The Board of County Commissioners were in session on Monday. Report of proceedings next week.

We call attention to the communication of Prof. Atkinson, of Chapel Hill, on the voracious and destructive Chinch Bug.

Mr. A. Jennings Pemberton, who graduated in the school of Pharmacy at the university of Michigan, Ann Arbor, in June, arrived here on Friday last.

The committee of arrangements will do their best to secure the admirable address of Judge MacRae for publication. If they succeed we will give it to our readers next week.

The old house near the depot of the Wilson Short-cut, occupied in our boyhood days by Mrs. Henderson, a useful and much respected old lady, was torn down a few days ago.

Cumberland county has a new Postoffice, called "Wicker's." The mail is opened there on Wednesdays and Saturdays at 11 o'clock A. M., and on Tuesdays and Fridays at 2 o'clock P. M.

Jimmie Kyle, son of that popular railroad official, Mr. W. E. Kyle, has obtained a position under Col. J. S. Morrison, and will report for duty in a few days. Our best wishes are with him.

A grand excursion from this city to Morehead city on August 1st, good for four days—all tickets good for returning parties on any and all trains—is being worked up by responsible parties.

Do you ever hear the cry before you think it time to turn over for a second nap, "Do you want to buy any blackberries?" You must be a sound sleeper if the shrill, screechy voice does not wake you.

The rains of Sunday and Monday were a blessing to this whole region. The ground was fast becoming parched and dry, and the corn was beginning to twist, but the rains have come in good time and it is saved. What a blessing!

Allow no standing water about your premises. Keep all things clean. Help the Health Officers. One barrel or one pool of water allowed to stagnate will breed enough musqnitoes, if not sickness, to make you miserble. Clean up.

What could have been more appropriately done than the celebration of the Fourth? It was a complete success. Thanks to those who got it up, and double thanks to those who honored us and the occasion in fulfilling so perfectly every part.

A prominent railroad official who has many friends here, was asked to deliver the 4th of July oration. He had not time to write his speech, so wired; it but its spread-eagle character made the committee think the British lion might be aroused, so they kept it secret.

The Town Commissioners, at their last meeting, elected Mr. S. C. Rankin as a member of their Board, to fill the vacancy made by the resignation of Mr. W. A. Guthrie. It is well to have some of our good, sober-sided, elderly citizens on the Board to equalize things.

The Chairman of the board of list takers and assessors of the several townships, together with the Chairman of the Board of County Commissioners met at the Court House to equalize the valuation of real and personal property on Monday, July 4th, but adjourned to meet to-morrow, Friday, when the equalization will commence.

We learn that the C. F. & Y. V. Railway Company have received from the Rogers Locomotive Works engine No. 14, in place of No. 14 shipped back. They will in a short time receive three more. The "Jumbos" did not suit, so these were ordered to supply their places. The increased work demands more engines.

Mr. Lilly has had his office, known formerly as the old Fayetteville Bank building, repainted throughout, and when repairs and painting are completed it will add no little to its appearance and to the appearance of Hay street. From the work going on, fixing up, repainting, &c., it is evident that the spirit of improvement is abroad.

The Fayetteville National Bank building has recently undergone some much-needed repairs, and has been decidedly improved. Now when the new circular counters are placed in position, and the heavy and unnecessary inside wooden blinds are replaced by neat oil shades, the interior appearance of the banking room will be greatly improved.

Our citizens petitioned last year for a Post Office building. No town of its size has so small a one. So we hope our people will not rest content until the Government spends some of its surplus in a Post Office here. In the meanwhile, for accomodation's sake, as we are not large enough for "free delivery," let a box for the reception of letters be placed in or near the Market. What say you?

The heavy cornices, gables, turret and ornamental chimneys of the "Hotel La Fayette" give the structure an imposing and grand appearance. Crowds daily stand and gaze at it in admiration. As we before remarked, the hotel, the store of Rose & Leak and the massive building of Mr. John D. Williams make up a block that would do honor to the principal street of any city. We understand that Mr. Williams will soon commence the ornamentation of his building, and have it thoroughly repainted.

We are again requested to make complaint to the authorites, relative to the stealing of flowers, vases or anything from the graves that are put on by friends or family in memory of their loved ones. This pilfering from the graves has been going on for years—some of it is done by parties who ought to know better. But whoever they be, if caught they should be made to pay the penalty. And we hope steps will be taken to arrest them, for these tokens of love and friendship for our departed ones should be held sacred by all.

The Atlanta *Constitution* says that Atlanta had twenty divorces in one day. Chicago or San Francisco could hardly beat this. We learn that three divorces were granted here at the last term of Cumberland Court, but for full and sufficient grounds. No trumped up pretext will answer in North Carolina.

Mr. A. E. Rankin and Mr. W. J. McDonald, knowing our failing, the former presented us with a few twists of the celebrated "Strawbery Twist," and the latter with a fine "Toltec" cigar. We do not like to recommend the weed; it is a bad habit to use either, but if you will, try these and see if you do not render the same verdict that we have—capital! good enough for any one.

We have heard it rumored that there was a move on foot to establish a compress here. The idea is a good one; it is the only way that we see of regaining our cotton trade. In former days Fayetteville had the cotton trade from Johnston, Sampson, Harnett, Robeson, Wayne, &c., and much from South Carolina. Now the names of Ashford, of Sampson; Hill, of Duplin; Saunders, of Johnston; Fairley, of Richmond, and a host of others are not heard of in this section. If the compress would enable us to give better prices it might call back the descendants of these worthy old characters to trade in the town that their ancestors loved.

The ladies of Fayetteville are most respectfully solicited to aid in the efforts to relieve our city band from debt. They have struggled hard, and have reduced their debt from $300 down to $40; and now they propose to give an open-air concert with refreshments, to be served at the Cumberland House to-night. Any contributions sent in will be most thankfully received, and the presence of the ladies highly appreciated. The proficiency of the band bespeaks their determination to be what we may expect and enjoy. The festival will commence at 5:30 o'clock P. M., so that those who cannot attend at night may do so in the pleasant part of the day.

The pic-nic at Carver's Creek Falls on Friday night last is spoken of by all as one of the most enjoyable entertainments of the season. The moonlight ride, the beautiful falls and the rippling waters were just the things to inspire the young; and it is well they were *chaperoned* by such elder ones as Mr. and Mrs. Geo. A. Thomson, Mr. and Mrs. A. S. Huske, Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Broadfoot and Mr. and Mrs. E. L. Pemberton. The table was spread upon the ground covered with table-cloths, and upon this was arranged the baskets which contained everything in abundance. The strolls and rides—to say nothing of the feast—were all enjoyed, and 2 o'clock struck as the numerous throng of carriages, buggies and a mule arrived in town. Among the ladies present were Miss Dortch, Miss Whitaker, Miss Ruffin, Miss Price, Miss Lila Cutlar, Miss Hewlett and Miss McGhee, who are visiting here, besides a host of the Fayetteville young ladies. It is said over fifty couples enjoyed the pleasant moonlight pic-nic.

RED SPRINGS.—Excursion tickets can now be had to Red Springs, and a gentle man tells us that the fare and accommodation at the Springs are capital. The water has proven to be good. Why not patronize it, it is a pleasant place?

WHAT DO YOU SAY TO THIS.—"At nearly every store in Fayetteville, last Thursday," said a young lady who went on the excursion, "I saw the sign, 'Chewing Gum,' hung up. They must have thought the Wilson people were specially fond of working their jaws," she added.—*Advance*

What report did the boys bring back?

ANSWER TO "ANCIENT RIDDLE."—We have numerous inquiries for the answer to "Ancient Riddle," published in last week's OBSERVER. "Search the scriptures" and read Matthew, 12th chap., 40th verse, or the 2nd chapter of Jonah, and you will wonder that you did not guess it, or that your biblical knowledge was so meagre.

I. O. O. F.—On Monday evening, July 4, 1887, the following officers were installed in Cross Creek Lodge No. 4, I. O. O. F., by Dist. Dept. Grand Master R. T. Scanlin, for the ensuing term:

John E. Garrett, Noble Grand;
Henry R. Novitzky, Vice Grand;
W. D. Gaster, Rec. Secretary;
T. E. Phillips, Fi. Secretary.
R. T. Scanlin, Treasurer.

ROAD HANDS.—The *Chatham Record* gives the following which may be worth the notice of our overseers. It says:

For the information of the overseers of our public roads we would state that they will hereafter have more hands to work the roads than heretofore. According to the late law, as contained in section 2059 of The Code, the following persons were exempt from working of the roads, viz: justices of the peace, constables, ferrymen, keepers of public grist mills, county commissioners and teachers and pupils of schools. The last Legislature, however, repealed this law, and all those exempted persons will now have to work the roads just like other folks. The only persons between eighteen and forty-five years of age, who can be exempted now, are those who are physically disabled or infirm.

REVISING TAX LISTS.—The County Commissioners will meet on Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday of next week to hear all persons objecting to the valuation of their property. So, if you think the list takers have valued your property too high, then will be your time to show cause why it should be reduced. They require all complaints to be made in writing. The law gives the County Commissioners power to correct. It says: "They shall correct the list of list takers as may be right and just, so that the value of similar property throughout the county shall be as near uniform as possible." It is a most capital law—that all should be served alike; this looks as if houses which cost say $1,000 or $2,000 in the country should be taxed the same as if in town—similar property must have same valuation.

SNAKE CUCUMBER.—Mr. Geo. M. Rose has sent us a specimen of the "Snake" cucumber. It is of wonderful growth, some of them reaching nearly three feet in length; but they twist in and out, and go winding about, snake fashion, so that they are difficult to measure. In flavor they are like the ordinary cucumber—equally as good and, we guess, just as healthy.

DEATH OF REV. DR. A. M. SHIPP.—The Asheville *Citizen* says of this distinguished divine:

Dr. Shipp was a native of Lincoln county, born in 1819, we think. He graduated at the University in the class of 1840. He entered upon the ministry and became a shining light in the Methodist pulpit. A large part of his life was associated with educational work. He was at the head of the Wofford College, Spartanburg, S. C., and until within the past year held a prominent professorship in the Vanderbilt University at Nashville, Tenn., positions for which his thorough scholarship admirably qualified him.

He was a man of remarkable amiability of character, and wherever he went surrounded himself with devoted friends and genial companionship. Many will learn with sorrow that the days on earth of "Ab." Shipp are ended.

Dr. Shipp was in his younger days in charge of the Methodist Church in this place, and afterwards a Professor at the University of North Carolina about the year 1850. He was much beloved by all for his amiable and gentle disposition.

IMPROVEMENTS.—The work of building and improving has not ceased for the past four or five years, and to-day when we take in account the building of the La Fayette Hotel, we can say truly that more money is now being and has been invested in building in Fayetteville than in any previous year. On the Hill, Mr. Geo. A. Thomson is renovating and improving the old Hale house. Down town Dr. Hunter, Messrs. H. I. McDuffie, J. A. Steele, B. E. Sedberry and Mrs. I. B. Davis and others, are building or have just completed residences.

Mr. Styron and Mr. James D. McNeill have both built new mills, and several stores are now being fixed up; so, take it all in all, the mechanics and architects of Fayetteville have had their hands full. The place is on no boom, but is growing steadily and surely. We wish some one would take the trouble to find out the amount of money paid out in Fayetteville for the past two or three years in building stores, dwellings and shanties; in repairing and in general fixing up, beginning when Mr. E. T. McKethan, who is the pioneer in the matter, built his handsome store on Market Square, and then again, when he and his brother and Mr. F. R. Rose were brave enough to tear down and rebuild their stores on Hay Street. Since then the spirit of building, enlarging and general improvement went on, until Mr. F. W. Thornton built his magnificent store, one of the greatest ornaments in Fayetteville, and thus put his faith in her future prospects and onward progress. And still the work goes on, and the sound of the hammer the clink of the trowel, and the noise of the saw and plane are yet sounding in our ears. Let us encourage the good work—go on improving—and our town must increase in prosperity and population.

THE FOURTH OF JULY IN FAYETTEVILLE—Notwithstanding it was a rainy day, and that no excursions were run, the crowd of colored people was much larger than we had reason to expect. The rain which commenced on Sunday still at intervals continued; sometimes pouring, and then again it fell in a misty way, and all day long till after 4 o'clock it threatened. The morning was given up entirely to the colored folks, who, in spite of rain, thronged the streets and blockaded the sidewalks with lunch tables filled with eatables of all sorts, kinds and conditions. These venders of Forth of July lemonade, ice cream, pig and even bacon and greens, were, in the morning fearful of results. They had staked their all and worked incessantly the night before in the hopes of making a few pennies, and the morning rain and threatening clouds seemed likely to blight their hopes. As the day advanced the crowd increased until it nearly approached in numbers the preceding Fourth.

We often wonder why these people celebrate the day. It can have for them no other significance than a holiday, and as such only they observe it. But the white people have, and they should never have permitted the old-time custom to fall into disuse. There was no reason for it, and it was with such a spirit as this that a few energetic, go-ahead citizens determined last week, at the eleventh hour, to "walk in the paths our fathers trod," and celebrate at least a portion of it in the good old way; and it is the renewing of a custom which once begun, will continue on and grow in popular favor. To these gentlemen our thanks are due for the treat they gave us.

For the interesting occasion the piazza and shady grounds in front of the Cumberland House were selected as the place where the exercises should be celebrated, and here, at the appointed hour the Independent Company, led by the Fayetteville Cornet Band, assembled, together with an unusually large crowd of ladies and gentlemen.

The exercises of the occasion were opened with prayer by the Rev. Thos. Atkinson, of St. John's, and his fervent appeal to the throne of Divine grace was peculiarly beautiful and appropriate. Next the Declaration of Independence was read by Dr. J. A. Hodges, and rarely is it the privilege of any one to hear anything read more effectively. His voice was clear and distinct, and his enunciation forcible and emphatic, showing that he appreciated and recognized the manly contents therein expressed, and so desired to convey it intelligently to his hearers. After the Band had given us another delightful strain, Judge J. C. MacRae, the chosen orator, came forward and in an address of some length entertained the audience with one of the finest addresses that we have listened to in many a day. It was replete with history showing what led to this mighty and bold declaration, its results, &c., &c. It would be useless to attempt to give our readers even a faint idea of this splendid address, and our space would not permit it, and those who were so unfortunate as to miss it must be content to take the sentiment as expressed by all who heard it, that it was a magnificent address. Judge MacRae, after the ceremonies were over, was congratulated on all sides. It was noble in him, having only a few days notice, to accept the position that another had been asked to fill. But he did it cheerfully and he has done it well. But the Fourth did not end here. At night, from Eccles bridge, there was a grand display of fire-works, and from the numbers there it appeared that the whole town had turned out to enjoy the display of Roman candles, wheels, rockets, balloons, &c., &c. But there an end came to them, and thus ended the celebration of the glorious Fourth.

With such a beginning we hope that next year a more general notice may be given of its celebration, so that our neighbors and friends may enjoy the day with us; for on our own North Carolina soil the first declaration of independence was framed, and by it with patriotic fervor North Carolina stood, even daring to face in its defence the cannon's mouth.

There is an item floating around, without credit, in regard to Judge MacRae's compelling the Grand Jury to bring in a presentment against a Solicitor for gambling. It is of like character with the story of Judge Clark's entering a fine against himself for being late at Court. The Judge says he understands how the report got "norated," but there is no truth in it. How times have changed, in the good old days of long time ago: it was not thought amiss for the Judges to take a little hand.

Personals.

Miss Altie Gales, of Raleigh, is visiting the family of Dr. Haigh.

Rev. W. F. Watson, a recent graduate of Wake Forest, was in town last week.

Mr. Thos. McMillan, of Savannah, Ga., with his wife, is on a visit to his relatives here.

Mr. J. J. Stone, of the Wilson *Advance*, paid our office a very pleasant call on Tuesday last.

Miss Annie Makepeace, of Randolph, is visiting the family of Mr. and Mrs. Colin MacRae.

Miss Beulah Bliss, of Savannah, Ga., sister of Mrs. Thos. McMillan, is visiting Fayetteville.

Miss Lydia Wiley, of Durham, and Miss Margaret Hinsdale, of Raleigh are on a visit to their Haymount relatives.

We are glad to state the condition of "little Albert," son of Capt. T. J. Green, who has been quite sick for some time, is improving.

Mr. F. Irvin Hill, representing the Northwestern Life Insurance Company, paid us a visit last week. He knows how to talk insurance.

Mr. Richard Battle, of that capital paper, the *News and Observer*, spent a day or so in town this week looking up old and gathering in new subscribers.

Mr. E. D. Monroe, agent for the Provident Savings Life insurance Co., is talking insurance to the people of Fayetteville. Mr. Monroe expects to make Fayetteville his headquarters for some time, and will be apt to call on you.

A case of real Asiatic cholera is reported in Detroit.

The convention at Greensboro decided to hold the Tobacco Convention at Morehead City on August 17th.

THRESHING MACHINES A SPECIALTY.

Simplest, Most Durable, Economical and Perfect in use. Wastes no Grain; Cleans it ready for Market.

Threshing Engines & Horse Powers.

Saw Mills and Standard Implements generally. Send for illustrated catalogue.

A. B. FARQUHAR,

Pennsylvania Agricultural Works, York, Pa.
june 30 1m

GENERAL FAYETTEVILLE MARKET.

WEDNESDAY, JULY 6, 1887.

N. C. BACON—		FODDER,	80@90
Hog Round,	12½	HIDES—	
Sides,	12	Flint—good,	11
Hams,	14	Flint—damaged,	5@8
WEST. BULK MEATS—		Dry Salt,	9@10
Sides,	8½	Green,	4½
Shoulders,	7	IRON—	
WESTERN BACON—		American,	3
Sides,	9½	Swedes,	5@6
Hams,	16	LARD—	
Shoulders,	8	N. Carolina,	10
BAGGING,	8	Western,	8½@9
BEEF—		LEATHER—	
On foot,	3½	Upper, country,	35@40
Dressed,	5@6	Sole, Hemlock,	25@27
BEESWAX,	18@20	Harness, c'ntry,	25@30
BUTTER—		MOLASSES,	25@35
North Carolina,	20@25	NAILS—	
Northern,	30@35	(10d basis),	2.75
COFFEE—		PORK—	
Java,	25@30	Fresh,	6½
Rio,	22½@25	Mess,	(None.)
COTTON YARN,	85@95	POTATOES—	
COTTON TIES,	1.15@1.40	Sweet,	40
CHICKENS,	15@25	Irish—bbl.,	2.50
EGGS,	10@11	SALT,	90
FLOUR—		SUGARS—	
N. C. Family,	(None.)	Coffee,	6@6½
West. Fam.,	5.00@6.50	Granulated,	7@8
CORN MEAL—	65@70	SHEETINGS,	6½
GRAIN—		SHUCKS,	50
Corn,	70	TALLOW,	5
Oats,	50	WOOL,	18
Rye,	85	SPIRITS—	
Peas,	1 00	Corn Whisky,	1.75@2.00
HAY—		Rye Whisky,	1.75@3.00
N. Carolina,	40@60	Ap. Brandy,	1.75@3.00
Northern,	90	Peh Brandy,	1.75@3.00

Fayetteville Cotton and Naval Stores Market

Corrected by A. E. Rankin & Co.

COTTON.—The market opened on Monday of this week at 10½ cents firm, remaining on Tuesday and yesterday at the same price.

NAVAL STORES.—Spirits was firm yesterday at 28 cents.

Rosin was steady, prices ranging from 70 and 80 cents for common.

Crude Turpentine—Hard $1.00, Yellow Dip $1.60, Virgin $2.25.

Wilmington Market.

WILMINGTON, N. C., July 5, 6 P. M.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.—The market opened firm at 30½ cents per gallon.

ROSIN.—The market quoted firm at 85 cents per bbl. for strained and 90 cents for Good Strained.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

"A Stitch in Time Saves Nine."

THE "MERCHANT MILLS"

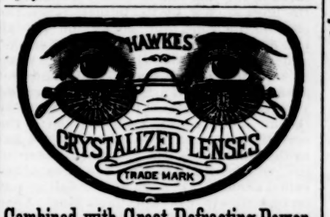
Having been on a continuous run, night and day, for eighteen months, without stopping *to cool*, except on Sundays, is now bound to shut down for a few days to be overhauled and put in first-class order for another whet.

In consequence I have to beg the indulgence of my patrons for about a week, until I can "put my house in order," when I will again

Take the Lead and Keep It.

To do my customers justice and keep up with the times, I must have things "in fix."

Respectfully,
JAS. D. McNEILL.
july 7 tf



Combined with Great Refracting Power.

They are as Transparent and Colorless as Light Itself,

And for softness of endurance to the eye cannot be excelled, enabling the writer to read for hours without fatigue. In fact, they are

Perfect Sight Preservers

Testimonials from the leading physicans in the United States, governors, senators, legislators, stockmen, men of note in all professions and in different branches of trade, bankers, mechanics, etc., can be given who have had their sight improved by their use.

ALL EYES FITTED

And the Fit Guaranteed by
B. E. SEDBERRY,
Fayetteville, N. C.,

These glasses are not supplied to peddlers at any price.
A. K. HAWKES.
WHOLESALE DEPOTS { ATLANTA, GA. AUSTIN, TEXAS.
june 2

Lost Certificate.

Thirty days after date I will make application for a Certificate of Four Shares stock No. 101, issued January 10, 1869, in Fayetteville Gas Light Co., which has been lost or mislaid.
july 7-tf J. D. WILLIAMS.

It Is not Necessary to Spend

A SMALL FORTUNE

Before Relief Is Given.

PRIOR'S RHEUMATIC REMEDY

Relieves quickly all forms of Rheumatism.
PEMBERTON & PRIOR,
Sole Manufacturers.

60c. and $1.00 per Bottle.

Messrs. Pemberton & Prior:
Dear Sirs—The small bottle of Prior's Rheumatic Remedy I purchased of you a few weeks since has relieved both my wife and self. It is certainly a good remedy, and sufferers from Rheumatism will do well to give it a trial. Yours truly,
H. F. BULLARD.
Clay Fork, N. C., June 30, 1887.

ORDER YOUR

Turnip Seed

FROM

PEMBERTON & PRIOR,

And you will get

BUIST'S

Selected Stock.

ALL CROP OF 1887.

☞Not an old paper offered for sale.
july 7 tf

TOLTEC!

We hereby certify that the entire filler of all Cigars manufactured under the TOLTEC brand is made from choice Havana Tobacco, and entirely free of drugs, chemicals or flavorings.

KOOKE BROS.

STATE OF MARYLAND, CITY OF BALTIMORE, } ss.
On this 12th day of February, in the year of our Lord, 1886, before me personally came PAUL SCHARRER, foreman for KOOKE BROS., and made oath that the foregoing declaration is true.
EDWARD RAINE,
Notary Public.

W. J. McDONALD, JR.,

SOLE AGENT.
july 7 tf

Tobacco.

A COMPLETE LINE OF

TOBACCO, all GRADES,

From 20 Cents to $1.50 per Pound,

Can be had of

W. J. McDONALD, Jr.
july 7 tf

Music Lessons.

I am desirous of forming a class in Instrumental Music. Young ladies wishing to join can call on me at the Cumberland House. Ask for

MISS WESSIE GOODE.

References given if required. july 7 tf

FAYETTEVILLE

National Bank,

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C., July 1, 1887.

DIVIDEND NO. 33.

The Directors of this Bank have declared a semi-annual Dividend of four per cent., payable on and after this date.
july 7 2t WM. HUSKE, Cashier.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Dividend Notice.

At a meeting of the Directors of the People's National Bank, held this day, a Dividend of four per cent. was declared, out of the earnings of the past six months, payable after this date.
G. P. McNEILL, Cashier.
July 5, 1887. july 7 2t

Sale under Execution.

On Monday, August 1st, at the Court House door in Fayetteville, I will sell for cash, to the highest bidder, one tract of land in Cedar Creek township, Cumberland county, N. C., containing 107 acres, joining the lands of Kennion Davis, John Reiley and others, it being the same that was conveyed by Wm. Simpson to Samuel Vincent, and by the latter to the estate of J. C. Heyer, deceased; which has been levied on to satisfy an execution in my hands for collection against Wm. Simpson. For full description see book B, No. 4, page 617.
NEILL McQUEEN,
Sheriff Cumberland County.
July 1, 1887. july 7 ts

Cool Summer Drinks!

Bond Sedberry's Fountain in Full Blast.

He uses none but the purest syrups and juices at his Fountain, and with his Patent Ice Shaver (not crusher) and his new Lightning Shaker, he is prepared to furnish Milk Shakes, Limeades, &c., &c., that cannot be excelled. Call, and Clarence will convince you.
apl 21 tf

How About It?

Attractions are daily added to our Bargain Counter—a new feature in our business. The consolidation of all bargains and remnants on one counter, specially set aside for the purpose, seems to be appreciated by shoppers, as the yards and prices are marked on every article, making shopping easy, and the counter every afternoon by its bareness proves its popularity.

EVERY MORNING our stock is examined, and selections for the Bargain and Remnant Counter made. Many remarkable concessions in prices are here shown.

COME AND SEE.

Frank Thornton
june 30 tf

A GRAND
OPEN-AIR CONCERT
—AND—
FESTIVAL
WILL BE GIVEN BY THE
Fayetteville Cornet Band,
—AT THE—
GUMBERLAND HOUSE
JULY 7TH, 1887.
COMMENCING AT 5½ O'CLOCK P. M.
june 30 2t

Mrs. Cleveland writes:

MR. TS. TS. TS.:

T. Y. T.

TRY THOMSON'S TEAS.
HEADQUARTERS,
G. A. THOMSON.

NO. 1

MACKEREL,
SPRING CHICKEN,
BROILED CHIP BEEF

Add much to the breakfast table.
Call at Headquarters.
G. A. THOMSON.

Kitchen Luxuries.

DISINTEGRATED and STRAINED,

For Vegetables and Fruits. Call and examine.
On sale at Headquarters.
G. A. THOMSON.

PICKLES.

The Finest Assortment in this city.
G. A. THOMSON,
Headquarters.

SUNDOWN

FOR THE HEATED TERM.

Owing to contract with all leading houses in our city, HEADQUARTERS will close at 7½ P. M. for summer months. Show your approval by having all orders for delivery in by 7 P. M., and allow us to meet said obligation.
Hot weather suggests

Iced Tea

and the rapid strides that Coffee is now making in prices. I would recommend more Tea drinking, it being decidedly more healthful and

FAR CHEAPER.

HEADQUARTERS,
G. A. THOMSON,

can beat the world on Tea. Try my Teas, an know how good Tea drinks.

☞General stock kept fully up, money or no money.
G. A. THOMSON.
june 9 tf

Popular Want Supplied.

Every one feels the need of a place of security for his valuable papers, his Cash and other precious articles, but the ordinary safe is found too unwieldy and expensive for general use. This popular want is now easily supplied in the Alpine Co's. Safes, whose convenient size and marvellously low price place them easily within reach of the people and commend them to public favor.

Look at the Figures for a Fire-Proof, Combination-Lock Safe:

No. 2 Safe weighs 250 lbs.; measures inside 12x8x8½ inches; outside, 23x14x13 inches. Price, delivered in Fayetteville, $30.00.

No. 3 Safe weighs 500 lbs.; measures inside 15x10x10 inches; outside, 28x18x18 inches. Price, delivered in Fayetteville, $35.00.

No. 4 Safe weighs 700 lbs.; measures inside 18x14x12 inches; outside, 32x22x20 inches. Price, delivered in Fayetteville, $45.00.

In addition to their usefulness, these safes are elegantly finished, and furnish an attractive ornament for "home" or for the "office." They suit the store-keeper, the farmer, the professional man—everybody. This is what you have been wanting a long time. Now you can get it. Think of the low price!

Name painted on safe without charge. Call at the office of Capt. A. B. Williams and examine sample Safe and leave your order, or address
T. L. LOVE, Agt.,
june 30 Fayetteville, N. C.

PREMIUM LIST 25TH ANNUAL FAIR

OF THE CUMBERLAND COUNTY AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY,

To Be Held at Fayetteville, N. C., on November 9, 10 and 12, 1887.

(Continued from last week.)

[All the Premiums offered by this Society may be competed for by citizens of the following named counties: Cumberland, Sampson, Johnston, Moore, Harnett, Chatham, Randolph, Guilford, Montgomery, Forsyth, Stokes, Richmond, Robeson, Bladen, Pender and Wilson in North Carolina, and Malboro in South Carolina.]

DEPARTMENT E.

LIVE STOCK.

HORSES, MULES, &C.

Best stallion,	$5 00
" mare,	5 00
" pair carriage horses,	3 00
" saddle horse or mare,	2 00
Also, H. Whaley's prem., one saddle blanket.	
" buggy horse or mare,	2 00
" brood mare,	2 00
Also, J. M. Martin's prem., one box cigars.	
" colt,	2 00
" 3-years old colt, J. A. Burns' prem., one box cigars.	
" jack or jennet,	2 00
" pair mules,	3 00
" single mule, N. C.,	2 00
Also, A. E. Rankin & Co's. prem., one riveted collar.	

CATTLE AND SKILL.

Best Jersey bull, A. H. Slocomb's pr.,	$5 00
" short-horn bull,	5 00
" Devon bull,	5 00
" cow, M. Schlossberg's sole sel.	
" Jersey cow,	2 50
" milch cow, S. G. Ayer's prem., one-fourth bbl. best flour; Vann Bros'., one-half bbl. best flour; J. M. Martin's, one gallon best brandy.	
" native cow and calf,	2 00
Also, A. S. Huske & Co's. pr., one box F. I. L. T. cigars.	
" native heifer,	2 00
" Jersey heifer, A. E. Rankin & Co.'s prem., 1 sack flour.	
" Jersey calf,	2 00
" short-horn heifer,	2 00
" Devon heifer,	2 00
" ox,	3 00
" herd of cattle, not less than five,	5 00
" " Jersey cattle, not less than five, W. H. Tomlinson's prem.,	5 00
" buck sheep,	1 00
" ewe,	1 00
" flock sheep, not less than five,	2 50

SWINE.

Best boar, any breed,	2 50
" Berkshire boar,	2 50
" Poland China boar,	2 50
" Chester white "	2 50
" Essex "	2 50
" Jersey Red "	2 50
" sow, any breed,	2 50
" sow and pigs, any breed, A. Moore's prem., 1 box cigars, and	2 00
" hog, A. Moore's lb. smok. tobacco.	
" lot hogs, J. A. Burns & Co's. pr., 1 gal. Kentucky Belle rye whiskey.	
Largest hog, A. Overbaugh's pr., cash,	5 00

POULTRY.

Best trio black-breasted game,	1 00
" " gray game,	1 00
" " full black game,	1 00
" " full red game,	1 00
" " Leghorns,	1 00
" " Wyandottes,	1 00
" " Plymouth Rocks,	2 00
" " American Dominiques,	1 00
" " white Leghorns,	1 00
" " brown Leghorns,	1 00
" " light Brahmas,	1 00
" " dark Brahmahs,	1 00
" " white Cochins,	1 00
" " black Cochins,	1 00
" " buff Cochins,	1 00
" " Partridge Cochins,	1 00
" " Bantams,	1 00
" " Houdans,	1 00
" " Muscovy ducks,	1 00
" " Pekin ducks,	1 00
" " Rouen ducks,	1 00
" " Aylesbury ducks,	1 00
" " Toulouse geese,	1 00
" " white African geese,	1 00
" " white turkeys,	1 00
" " bronze turkeys,	1 00
" " native turkeys,	1 00
" " guineas,	1 00
" " peafowls,	1 00
" " pigeons,	1 00
" and largest display of poultry,	5 00

DEPARTMENT F.

CARRIAGES, BUGGIES, WAGONS, CARTS, &c.

(North Carolina manufacture.)

Best two-horse carriage,	5 00
" buggy,	5 00
" four-horse wagon,	5 00
" two-horse wagon,	5 00
" cart,	2 00
" wheelbarrow,	1 00

CARRIAGE, BUGGY AND WAGON MATERIAL AND HARNESS.

Best set single harness,	3 00
" set double harness,	5 00
" set wagon harness,	2 00
" set cart harness,	1 00
" riding saddle,	3 00
" display of castings—N. C. make,	3 00
" display horse shoes—N. C. make,	1 00

FURNITURE.

Best exhibition home-made furniture,	5 00

CARPENTERS' WORK AND TOOLS.

Best home-made panel doors,	2 00
" home-made slat blind,	1 00
" home-made moulding,	50
" home-made patterns,	50
" and most tasteful mantel-piece,	1 00

BOOTS, SHOES, HATS AND CAPS.

Best pair home-made boots,	2 00
" pair home-made ladies' gaiters,	1 00
" pair home-made ladies' slippers,	1 00

SILVER, GILT AND EARTHEN WARE.

Best display siver ware,	dip.
" display plated ware,	dip.
" display gilt ware,	dip.
" glass ware,	dip.
" display crockery ware,	dip.
" display gold pens,	dip.
" display tin ware, home-made,	2 00
" display copper and brass ware,	dip.
" specimen jewelry,	dip.

GUNS, HUNTING APPARATUS AND FISHING TACKLE.

Best shot-gun,	dip.
" breech-loading gun,	dip.
" rifle,	dip.
" display fire arms, accoutrements,	dip.
" display fishing tackle,	dip.
" display fishing seines,	dip.

PRINTING, PAPER, BAGGING, LEATHER AND ROPE.

Best display of job printing,	$2 00
" sole leather, N. C. tanned,	1 00
" upper leather, N. C. tanned,	1 00
" display of leather, N. C. tanned,	2 00
" display of paper,	dip.
" book binding,	dip.
" coil baling rope,	dip.
" bagging,	dip.

(To be continued.)

To Prevent Hog cholora.

"Some time since I promised to send you a cheap and simple preventive of all hog diseases—I know of no cure. To my mind, and with twenty-two years' experience, it is, beyond doubt, a certain preventive. You use no drugs; lose no time going after this doctor's mixture, nor that man's celebrated remedy. You have it on hand at all times—without money and without price—except salt, and that is cheap and you have to keep it—*ashes*. Put them in the slop daily; put them out where the hogs are fed, by the bushel; throw the corn on the ashes and make them eat all you can—put them all over their backs, and at least once or twice a month, when it is raining, put on a gum coat, and get a hog or bucket of ashes, shell corn around your feet and sprinkle the ashes all over them. As they press each other after the corn the ashes are thoroughly worked into the hair. This will keep them clear of lice, which I think is often the cause of so-called cholora. If a whole box full is put on one hog it will not hurt him. Year after year my neighbor's hogs have died; they have been raised almost with mine—still I have lost none."

A Disinfectant.

A good disinfectant is made by dissolving a drachm of nitrate of lead in a pint of boiling water, then dissolve two drachms of common salt in eight or ten quarts of water. When both are thoroughly dissolved, pour the two mixtures together, and when the sediment has settled you have a pail of clear fluid, which is the saturated solution of the liquid, and hung up in a room will at once sweeten a fetid atmosphere. Poured down a sink, water closet or drain, or on any decaying or offensive object, it will produce the same result. The nitrate of lead is very cheap, and a pound of it would make several barrels of the disinfectant.

The Floating Needle.

An interesting experiment, which may be performed with quite a small magnet and a common sewing needle, is explained as follows in the Scientific American:

Insert a light thread in a needle, tie and cut off one end, leaving a single thread six or eight inches long. Lay a horseshoe magnet on a table with the poles in front. Magnetize the needle by rubbing it several times, always in one direction, by one pole of the magnet, after each stroke returning the magnet in an arc through the air. Take the end of the thread between thumb and finger, and suspend the needle over its attractive pole, allowing the point to come within one-fourth of an inch of the magnet; then, with a circular sweep of the hand to keep the point in position, draw the eye of the needle down toward the other pole. This, if carefully done, will bring the needle to a horizontal position, where it will remain floating or in suspension as long as the thread is held steadily. The magnet forces operating to produce this effect appear to be: First, the attraction of the left pole for the point of the needle; second, the repulsion of the right pole for the same point, and, third, the attraction of the right pole for the eye of the needle, which is resisted by the thread supporting the needle; the latter also is held from approaching the left pole by the same means. The experiment is made more effective by covering the magnet with a sheet of paper, thus concealing it.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

ROYAL

BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight, alum or phosphate powders. *Sold only in cans.* ROYAL BAKING POWDER Co., 106 Wall street, New York.

For sale by A. S. HUSKE & CO.

feb 24, mar 3 1y

In the Circuit Court

OF THE UNITED STATES

For the Fourth Circuit and Eastern District of North Carolina.

JUNE TERM, 1887.

Joseph Fels, in behalf of himself and all other creditors, &c.,

vs.

The Mayor and Commissioners of Fayetteville, the C. F. & Y. V. Railway Company, W. E. Kyle, Jno. C. Haigh, Sr., Jas. C. MacRae, Wm. A. Guthrie, A. M. Campbell, Neill W. Ray and Benj. R. Taylor.

By a decree of the Court in the above-entitled cause, a sale is to be made of all the shares (818) of stock in the C. F. & Y. V. Railway Company which the Mayor and Commissioners of Fayetteville heretofore conveyed to N. W. Ray, W. A. Guthrie and J. C. MacRae in trust, &c.

And in accordance with said decree notice is hereby given for all creditors of Fayetteville to come in and make themselves parties to this cause and file proofs of their respective claims on or before the first Monday in August, A. D. 1887, or they will be excluded from participating in the funds arising from the sale of said stock.

N. J. RIDDICK,
Clerk of U. S. Circuit Court.

JOHN W. HINSDALE,
Solicitor for Complainant and Creditor.

Once a week for four weeks in *News and Observer* and FAYETTEVILLE OBSERVER. june 23

—TRY—

Cheese and Macaroni,

when you need a change; or nice

Chipped Beef Broiled,

carefully furnished at

HEADQUARTERS,
G. A. THOMSON

ADVERTISEMENTS.

Tutt's Pills

stimulates the torpid liver, strengthens the digestive organs, regulates the bowels, and are unequaled as an

ANTI-BILIOUS MEDICINE.

In malarial districts their virtues are widely recognized, as they possess peculiar properties in freeing the system from that poison. Elegantly sugar coated. Dose small. Price, 25cts.

Sold Everywhere.

Office, 44 Murray St., New York.

mar 24 1y

EXCELSIOR

COOK STOVES

ALWAYS SATISFACTORY

EIGHTEEN SIZES AND KINDS

ALL PURCHASERS CAN BE SUITED

MANUFACTURED BY

Isaac A. Sheppard & Co., Baltimore, Md.

AND FOR SALE BY

McMILLAN BROS.,

mar 24-1y Fayetteville, N. C.

Express Steamboat Co.

THE STEAMER D. MURCHISON,

CAPT. J. C. SMITH,

will, on and after April 1st, leave Fayetteville on

Tuesdays and Fridays at 8 o'clock.

Returning, will leave Wilmington at

2 P. M. Wednesdays and 12 M. Saturdays.

☞ Freight and passenger accommodations first-class.

A. R. WILLIAMS,
Agent, Fayetteville, N. C.
WILLIAMS & MURCHISON,
Agents, Wilmington, N. C.

mar 24-tf

Salem High School,

HUNTLEY, SAMPSON CO., N. C.

A FIRST-CLASS BOARDING SCHOOL.

SINCE ESTABLISHED, in 1874, THIS SCHOOL has never been in a more flourishing condition than it now is. The School has

FIVE TEACHERS,

(including the Principal),

And the Roll Has Reached 101 Members.

Nowhere in North Carolina can a better school be found for the same expense.

NOTICE THESE PRICES:

Board $6.00 per Month.

Tuition $1.25 to $3.50 per Month.

And the instruction and discipline is as thorough and complete as can be found in any Academy or High School.

☞ New catalogue will be ready by June 1st.

Address MARION BUTLER,
may 12 3m Principal.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

LIVERY.

Excellent Horses

FOR THE

CARRIAGE AND SADDLE.

I have recently made additions to my stock of excellent horses for riding and driving; and lady-riders, especially, can be furnished with an animal of fine action and spirit, and at the same time gentle and safe. Comfortable carriages and buggies, an elegant and stylish phaeton, with good stock and careful drivers, give me confidence in a continuance and even increase of the liberal patronage heretofore bestowed upon me.

may 13 tf GEO. A. BURNS.

JAS. S. EVANS,

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.,

AGENT FOR

Tanner & Delaney Engines,

SAW AND GRIST MILLS,
ALSO COTTON GINS and PRESSES,
CHATTANOOGA CANE MILLS
AND EVAPORATORS,
COTTON-SEED MILLS
AND CRUSHERS.

I can sell with guarantee from the companies I represent any of above Machinery, and wish it distinctly understood that I can name prices that not only can not be named by anyone else, but will be lower than first-class goods have ever been offered at before. Anyone wishing information in regard to any kind of Machinery can address or call on Mr. N. H. Smith, who will answer all inquiries in my absence.

june 16 3m J. S. EVANS.

FAYETTEVILLE

NOVELTY WORKS

Still to the Front!

And prepared to make Sash, Blinds, Doors and other material for building purposes. Planing and building done to order. For information write to

SUTTON & BENZI,
june 16 6m Proprietors.

MOTHER'S FRIEND

MAKES CHILD-BIRTH EASY!

SHORTENS LABOR, LESSENS THE PAIN, DIMINISHES THE DANGER TO LIFE OF MOTHER and CHILD.

Should be used a few months before confinement. Send for book "To MOTHERS," mailed free.

BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO., Atlanta, Ga.

ADVERTISEMENT.

NORTH CAROLINA—CUMBERLAND CO.

Superior Court—May Term, 1887.

J. E. Reid *vs.* L. J. Reid.

The purpose of above-entitled action is that the plaintiff may obtain a divorce from the defendant, and said defendant is hereby notified to appear and answer or demur to the complaint in said action, at the July term of this Court, to be held at Fayetteville, N. C., the 6th Monday before the first Monday in September, 1887; and if she fail so to do the plaintiff will apply to the Court for the relief demanded in said complaint. C. G. CAIN C. S. C.

june 2 6t

—THE—

PREMIER FLOUR OF AMERICA.

PATAPSCO FLOURING MILLS.

ESTABLISHED - - - 1774.

PATAPSCO SUPERLATIVE PATENT C. A. GAMBRILL MFG. CO. BALTIMORE

The value of FLOUR depends upon the ESSENTIAL ELEMENTS OF NUTRITION CONTAINED IN THE BREAD IT MAKES. Maryland and Virginia Wheat, from which our PATENT ROLLER FLOURS are chiefly manufactured, has long been conceded to be SUPERIOR to any other, because it has a BETTER COMBINATION OF GLUTEN AND PHOSPHATES. This fact is recognized not only in this country, but in the United Kingdom as well, where the "PATAPSCO SUPERLATIVE" COMMANDS DECIDEDLY MORE MONEY than any other American Flour. Ask your grocer for it. Also for

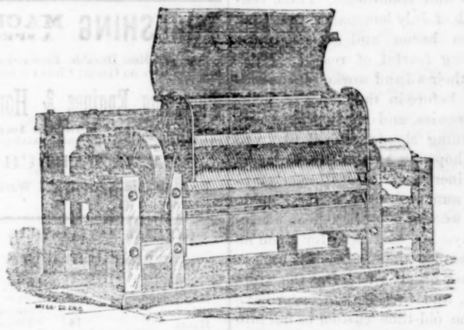
Patapsco Family,	North Point Family,	Orange Grove Extra,
Patapsco Extra,	Chesapeake Extra,	Baldwin Family,
Cape Henry Family,	Bedford Family.	

C. A. GAMBRILL MANUFACTURING CO., 32 Commerce Street, Baltimore, Md.

Represented by Mr. B. R. TAYLOR, Fayetteville, N. C.

aug 19 6m

The Daniel Pratt Gin.



TO COTTON PLANTERS.

We desire to call the attention of Cotton Planters and Ginners to the new and wonderful improvement in the Daniel Pratt Ginn, which consists of the REVOLVING HEADS in the ends of the Cotton box, whereby the friction of the cotton running against the ends of the cotton box is destroyed. This improvement prevents the choking of the gins or breaking the rolls, and any common plantation hand can feed it. It does not injure the staple, and gins the seed much cleaner than the ordinary gins, thereby saving to the planter all of his lint cotton. For speed in ginning we do not think it can be excelled. We would also call attention to the Lever for raising the breast of the gin out of the saws, and thereby enabling us to stop the gin without stopping the power. It also greatly reduces the risk of operating the gin; it enables you to raise the breast of the gin without danger of those painful injuries so frequent in the use of the ordinary gin. Our Adjustable Seed Board is superior to anything of the kind in use. By its use the operator can clean his seed to suit himself; he can "skin" the seed or leave them, as it suits him. Our gins are more simple, less complicated, less liable to get out of order, stronger and more substantial than most gins. Gins sufficiently fast, picks the seed clean and gives a good sample.

A. E. RANKIN & CO., AGTS.,

june 30 3m PERSON STREET, FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

SEED OATS AND RYE,

—THE BEST GRADES OF—

Flour, Coffee, Sugar, Laundry Soaps.

Starch, Batting, Yarns, and

STAPLE NOTIONS,

CAN BE BOUGHT CHEAP,

—AT—

E. T. McKETHAN'S,

MARKET SQUARE FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

feb 1 1y

ADVERTISEMENTS.

WALTER WATSON,

RAY'S CORNER, FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

Notice! Notice! Notice!

—TO—

Carpenters, Bricklayers, Mill Wrights Blacksmiths, Plasterers Stonemasons, and Turpentine Operators:

A FULL LINE OF THE VERY BEST

TOOLS

—CAN BE FOUND AT THE—

HARDWARE STORE

—OF—

WALTER WATSON,

Manufacturer of all kinds of

EDGE TOOLS,

GUNS, RIFLES, &C., &C.

—AGENT FOR—

Laflin & Rand's Celebrated ORANGE and other brands of Sporting Powder.

☞ Orders filled direct from magazine at factory prices.

—AGENT FOR—

Fairbanks Scales,

At Factory Prices.

A FULL STOCK OF

ENGLISH CAST STEEL,
PLOW IRON AND STEEL,
TIRE, BAND AND SHEET IRON,
HORSE AND MULE SHOES
HORSE SHOE NAILS,
CUT AND WROUGHT NAILS,

ALWAYS IN STOCK.

I am still manufacturing

The Old-Fashioned Wrought Plow.

☞ I am now to be found at Ray's corner, opposite my former store.

dec 2 tf WALTER WATSON.

MUSHROOMS.

Olives, Chili Sauce, Pickled Onions, Mixed Pickles, Plain Pickles, Pickled Lamb's Tongue, Clams, Clam Chowder, Shrimps, Lunch Tongue, Ox Tongue, Salmon and Lobsters, at

HEADQUARTERS,
G. A. THOMSON.

THE

Aurora Watch

Is emphatically the best Watch made for the price.

—THE—

Aurora Watch

Is the most carefully and accurately made Watch, and is a first-class time keeper.

Warren Prior & Son

Are stockholders in the AURORA Watch Factory, and Selling agents for the AURORA Watch Co.

—SELECT YOUR—

WEDDING RING

—AND—

Bridal Presents

—OF—

PRIOR,

THE JEWELER.

feb 1 tf

E. A. POE,

Manufacturer of BRICK,

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

☞ Remember, I make the best Brick made in the State. apl 21 tf

Hay, Coal, Ice, Lumber, &c.

AT SMITH'S DEPOT,

Cor. Mumford and Donaldson Sts.,

ta wholesale and retail, in any quantities, and at prices *always as low as anyone can name.* Delivered free in the town or on board the cars.

No. 1 Timothy Hay, from the Valley of Virginia.
Anthracite and Bituminous Coal.
PURE FLINT ICE.
Lightwood and Juniper Posts.
Cypress and Juniper Shingles.
Lumber, well-seasoned or green, of all kinds.

Call and examine my stock; when you need anything in my line, you will know where to find it.

N. H. SMITH,

apl 7 tf Fayetteville, N. C.

THOS. M. HUNTER, D. D. L.,

OFFERS HIS PROFESsional services to the citizens of Fayetteville and surrounding country.

OFFICE:

North-east corner Market Square.

April 29, 1880. tf

To Builders and Others.

Finished Flooring, Beaded or Plain Ceiling, Plained Posts, Rails and Palings any length. All the latest patterns of Mouldings furnished on short notice at lowest prices.

ALL KINDS OF BUILDERS HARDWARE.

Estimates given. Orders solicited from abroad.

Address WALTER WATSON,
apl 7 tf Fayetteville, N. C.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

F. F. F. F. F. F. F.

REMEMBER, YOU WILL

Find First-class, Fine, Fresh, Flavored, Fancy

Family Groceies,

PROVISIONS, FRUITS, NUTS and CANDIES, at

R. T. SCANLIN'S,

Agent, No. 47 Person Street.

feb 3 tf

A new lot of those elegant

PIN MONEY PICKLES,

put up by a Richmond, Va., lady,

—AT—

HEADQUARTERS,
G. A. THOMSON.

I. A. MURCHISON,

Attorney and Counsellor at Law,

ALSO AGENT FOR

Sale and Purchase of Real Estate.

Office on Bow Street, - Fayetteville, N. C.

feb 17 tf

FOR SALE.

Cane Mill, Evaporator, Cotton Press, Gin, Cotton Mill, &c.

I have for sale a 40-saw Gin, a Cane Mill, Evaporator and a Brooks Cotton Press; also, the latest improved horse power. All in good order. Apply to

C. D. NIXON,
june 23 4t Little River Academy.

Commissioners' Notice.

The County Commissioners of Cumberland County will meet at the Court House on July 11, 12 and 13, 1887, to hear all persons objecting to the valuation of their property or the amount of tax charged.

Complaints from Black River, Flea Hill, Cedar Creek and Beaver Dam townships will be heard on Monday, July 11th; Gray's Creek, Rockfish, Seventy First, Quewhiffle and Little River townships on Tuesday, July 12th, and those from Carver's Creek and Cross Creek townships on Wednesday, July 13th.

All complaints must be made in writing.

June 16th, 1887. H. C. FISHER,
je-23 3t Clk Board Co. Com.

Royal Baking Powder,

Soc. Team., Cond'ns., Horsford Bread Preparation, Potatoes and Cream Tartar

in stock at

HEADQUARTERS,
G. A. THOMSON.

Excelsior Printing Co.

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

Cheap Printing. First-class Work and *CASH PRICES.*

☞ *All Work delivered when promised.*

apl 21 1y

H. McD. ROBINSON

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

☞ Collections a specialty. Prompt attention given to all business.

may 26 1y

A. GARRASON,

—DEALER IN—

HEAVY and FANCY GROCERIES,

General Family Supplies,

HAY STREET,

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

aug 13 131-tf

"MERCHANT MILLS."

EXTRA NOTICE.

As I am determined to make the "Merchant Mills" the

"GRAND COMMISSARY"

for bread of all kinds, and my capacity being totally inadequate to supply my demands, I have added a large stock of extra nice FAMILY FLOURS, from the famous mills of

JENCKES & CO., TERRE HAUTE, IND.

which I offer to the trade generally at popular prices. Dealers will find it to their advantage to examine my stocks and prices. Don't be bashful, but call around and see. No trouble to show goods.

Respectfully,
mar 31-tf JAS. D. McNEILL.

Established 1843.

W. & J. SLOANE

IMPORTERS AND MANUFACTURERS OF

Wilton,
Axminster,
Moquette,
Velvet,
Body Brussels,
Tapestry Brussels
and Ingrain CARPETINGS.

OIL CLOTHS, LINOLEUM, CORTICINE, MATTINGS, MATS, RUGS AND FLOOR CLOTHS OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

Also Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

Upholstery Goods.

The Largest Assortment in the United States at Very Low Prices. Samples sent if desired. Correspondence invited.

Broadway, 18th & 19th sts.

NEW YORK.

apl 7 3m

TO-DAY'S FREIGHT.

FRENCH PRUNES,
EVAPORATED PEACHES,
TURKISH PRUNES,
MALAGA GRAPES.

HEADQUARTERS,
G. A. THOMSON.

CUMBERLAND HOUSE.

The most convenient to the travelling public. Is only 50 yards from the C. F. & Y. V. Railroad, in a pleasant location.

Table fare the BEST the market affords.

TERMS REASONABLE.

☞ Convenient for Drummers.

may 19 1y D. H. BELL, Proprietor.

CAPE FEAR & YADKIN VALLEY RAILWAY COMPANY.

CONDENSED SCHEDULE NO. 23.

Taking effect at 5:15 A. M., Monday, May 30, 1887.

TRAINS MOVING NORTH.

	Passenger and Mail.	Freight & Accom'd.
Leave Bennettsville,		5:15 a. m.
Arrive Maxton,	10:10 a. m.	7:35 a. m.
Leave Maxton,	11:20 a. m.	7:55 a. m.
Arrive Fayetteville,	11:30 a. m.	8:40 a. m.
Leave Fayetteville,	1:30 p. m.	11:00 a. m.
Arrive Sanford,	2:00 p. m.	11:30 a. m.
Leave Sanford,	4:03 p. m.	2:30 p. m.
Arrive Greensboro,	4:15 p. m.	2:45 p. m.
Leave Greensboro,	7:22 p. m.	5:15 p. m.
Arrive Walnut Cove,	10:13 a. m.	8:00 p. m.
	1:00 p. m.	

Passenger and Mail—dinner at Fayetteville.

TRAINS MOVING SOUTH.

	Passenger and Mail.	Freight & Accom'd.
Leave Walnut Cove,	2:10 p. m.	
Arrive Greensboro,	5:00 p. m.	
Leave Greensboro,	9:50 a. m.	7:00 a. m.
Arrive Sanford,	12:55 p. m.	1:17 p. m.
Leave Sanford,	1:13 p. m.	1:52 p. m.
Arrive Fayetteville,	3:20 p. m.	6:00 p. m.
Leave Fayetteville,	3:30 p. m.	12:15 p. m.
Arrive Maxton,	5:15 p. m.	3:45 p. m.
Leave Maxton,	5:25 p. m.	4:15 p. m.
Arrive Bennettsville,	6:45 p. m.	6:15 p. m.

Passenger and Mail—dinner at Sanford.

Factory Branch—Freight and Accommodation.

TRAIN MOVING NORTH.

Leave Millboro..... 7:45 a. m.
Arrive Greensboro..... 9:30 a. m.

TRAIN MOVING SOUTH.

Leave Greensboro..... 5:30 p. m.
Arrive Millboro..... 7:30 p. m.

Passenger and Mail Trains run daily except Sunday.

Freight and Accommodation Train runs between Bennettsville and Fayetteville on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays, and between Fayetteville and Greensboro on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays.

Freight and Accommodation Train runs between Greensboro and Fayetteville on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays, and between Fayetteville and Bennettsville on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays.

Trains on Factory Branch run daily except Sunday.

Close connection is made at Maxton with Carolina Central Railway Passenger Trains to and from Wilmington.

W. E. KYLE,
General Passenger Agent.

J. W FRY, General Superintendent.
june 9 tf

Wilmington & Weldon R. R

AND BRANCHES.

Condensed Schedule.

TRAINS GOING SOUTH.

Dated Dec. 27, 1886.	No. 42 Daily.	No. 40 Daily.
Leave Weldon	2 15 P. M.	5 58 P. M.
Arrive Rocky Mount	3 33 "	
Arrive Tarboro	4 50 P. M.	
Leave Tarboro	11 30 P. M.	
Arrive Wilson	4 05 P. M.	6 58 P. M.
Leave Wilson	4 07 "	
Arrive Selma	5 40 "	
Arrive Fayetteville	7 55 "	
Leave Goldsboro	4 34 "	7 40 "
Leave Warsaw	5 44 "	
Leave Burgaw	7 06 "	
Arrive Wilmington	7 50 "	9 35 P. M.

TRAINS GOING NORTH.

	No. 47, Daily.	No. 43, Daily.
Leave Wilmington	8 50 A. M.	8 10 P. M.
Leave Burgaw	9 24 "	8 50 "
Leave Warsaw	10 37 "	10 07 "
Arrive Goldsboro	11 35 "	11 58 "
Leave Fayetteville	8 20 "	
Arrive Selma	10 47 "	
Arrive Wilson	11 59 "	
Leave Wilson	12 05 P. M.	12 30 A. M.
Arrive Rocky Mount	12 46 "	
Arrive Tarboro	4 50 P. M.	
Leave Tarboro	11 30 A. M.	
Arrive Weldon	2 25 P. M.	2 20 A. M.

A Freight and Passenger train on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday leaves Smithfield at 6 a. m. and arrives at Fayetteville at 10 a. m. Leaves Fayetteville at 3:40 p. m.; arrives at Smithfield at 6:30 p. m.

Freight and Passenger Train on Monday, Wednesday and Friday leaves Smithfield at 7:30 a. m. and arrives at Wilson at 10:00 a. m. Leaves Wilson at 3:25 p. m. and arrives at Smithfield at 5:30 p. m.

Passenger Train north from Fayetteville connects with R. & D. R. R. at Selma for Raleigh and Greensboro.

Train on Scotland Neck Branch Road leaves Halifax for Scotland Neck at 3.00 P. M. Returning leaves Scotland Neck at 9.30 A. M., daily except Sunday.

Train leaves Tarboro, N. C., via Albermarle & Raleigh R. R. Daily except Sunday, 6.00 P. M. Sunday 5.00 P. M., arrive Williamston, N. C., 8.10 P. M., 6.40 P. M. Returning leaves Williamston, N. C., Daily except Sunday, 8.00 A. M., Sunday 9.50 A. M., arrive Tarboro, N. C., 10.05 A. M., 11.30 A. M.

Train on Midland, N. C. Branch leaves Goldsboro, N. C. Daily except Sunday, 5.30 P. M., arrive Smithfield, N. C., 7.00 P. M. Returning leaves Smithfield, N. C., 7.30 A. M., arrive Goldsboro, N. C., 9.00 A. M.

Southbound Train on Wilson & Fayetteville Branch is No. 50. Northbound is No. 51.

Train No. 40 South will stop only at Wilson, Goldsboro and Magnolia.

Train No. 47 makes close connection at Weldon for all points North daily. All rail via Richmond, and daily except Sunday via Bay Line.

Trains make close connection for all points North via Richmond and Washington

All Trains run solid between Wilmington and Washington, and have Pullman Palace Sleepers attached.

J. R. KENLY, Sup't Trans. JOHN F. DIVINE, General Sup't.

T. M. EMERSON, Gen'l Passenger Agent. oct 21 tf

Carolina Central R. R. Co.

CHANGE OF SCHEDULE.

WESTBOUND TRAINS.

May 16, 1887.	No. 1. Daily ex. Sunday.	No. 3. Daily ex. Sunday.
Leave Wilmington,	7:25 a. m.	8:00 p. m.
Leave Maxton,	11:30 a. m.	.....
Leave Hamlet,	12:50 p. m.	2:33 a. m.
Leave Wadesboro,	2:15 p. m.	.....
Leave Charlotte,	4:32 p. m.	6:55 a. m. arr'v
Leave Lincolnton,	6:17 p. m.	
Leave Shelby,	7:40 p. m.	
Arrive Rutherfordton,	9:10 p. m.	

EASTBOUND TRAINS

May 16, 1887.	No. 2. Daily ex. Sunday.	No. 4. Daily ex. Sunday.
Leave Rutherfordton,	7:15 a. m.	
Leave Shelby,	8:48 a. m.	
Leave Lincolnton,	10:07 a. m.	
Leave Charlotte,	12:22 p. m.	8:45 p. m.
Leave Wadesboro,	2:30 p. m.	.....
Leave Hamlet,	3:38 p. m.	1:55 a. m.
Leave Maxton,	5:20 p. m.	.....
Arrive Wilmington,	9:05 p. m.	8:00 a. m.

Trains Nos. 1 and 2 make close connection at Maxton to and from Fayetteville, Greensboro and other points on C. F. & Y. V. Ry. At Wadesboro with trains to and from Cheraw, Florence and Charleston. Lincolnton to and from Hickory, Lenoir and points on C. & L. Narrow Gauge railroad.

Trains Nos. 3 and 4 make close connection at Hamlet with trains to and from Raleigh.

Through Sleeping Cars between Wilmington and Charlotte and Charlotte and Raleigh.

Take train No. 1 for Statesville and points on W. N. C. railroad and points west.

Take train No. 3 for Spartanburg, Greenville, Athens Atlanta and all points southwest. Also for Asheville, via Spartanburg.

No. 3 connects at Wilmington with W. & W. railroad No. 23.

Local Freight Nos. 5 and 6 tri-weekly between Wilmington and Laurinburg.

Local Freight Nos. 7 and 8 tri-weekly between Laurinburg and Charlotte.

Local Freight Nos. 9 and 10 tri-weekly between Charlotte and Rutherfordton

Nos. 5, 6, 7, 8, 9 and 10 will not take passengers.

L. C. JONES, Superintendent.

F. W. CLARK, General Passenger Agent. tf
may 19